INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Second edition 1999-11

Electrical and electronic installations in ships – Electromagnetic compatibility

Installations électriques et électroniques à bord des navires – Compatibilité électromagnétique

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS – ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60533 has been prepared by IEC technical committee18: Electrical installations of ships and of mobile and fixed offshore units.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition, published in 1977, and constitutes a technical revision.

The following changes have been made:

- Section 7 "Methods of measurement and suppression techniques" has been deleted. The methods of measurement have been aligned with CISPR 16-1, CISPR 16-2 and the IEC 61000 series. The requirements of IEC 60945 and IEC 60092-101, IEC 60092-204 and IEC 60092-504 have been incorporated as far as possible.
- A new annex A "IMO Resolution A.813 (19) has been added as an informative part.
- A new annex B "General EMC planning procedures" has been prepared as an informative part of this standard.
- A new annex C "Measures to achieve EMC" has been prepared as an informative part of this standard. It contains guidelines and recommendations for organizational and technical measures to achieve EMC.
- Equipment and installation groups A to E have been updated to include "non-electrical items and equipment" and "integrated systems" in annex C.
- Chapter II "Vital interference suppression components" has been deleted. This topic is now sufficiently described in the referenced IEC standards given in annex C.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
18/870/FDIS	18/874/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Annexes A, B and C are for information only.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

The committee has decided that this publication remains valid until 2004-01.

At this date, in accordance with the committee's decision, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

Electrical installations of ships with electric and/or electronic systems need to operate under a wide range of environmental conditions.

The control of undesired electromagnetic emission ensures that no other device on board will be unduly influenced by the equipment under consideration. Suitable limits are specified.

On the other hand, the equipment needs to function without degradation in the normal electromagnetic environment. The limit values for immunity, specified in this standard, have been chosen under this assumption. Equipment which is tested and installed in accordance with this standard meets the relevant IMO requirements. Special risks, for instance lightning strikes, transients from the operation of circuit breakers and electromagnetic radiation from radio transmitters are also covered.

Complex electric and/or electronic systems require EMC planning in all phases of design and installation, considering the electromagnetic environment, any special requirements and the equipment performance.

This second edition is applicable to electromagnetic compatibility of all electrical and electronic installations in ships.

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS – ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies minimum requirements for emission, immunity and performance criteria regarding electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of electrical and electronic equipment for ships. It assists in meeting the requirements of IMO resolution A.813 (see annex A).

Equipment which is tested and installed in accordance with this standard meets the relevant IMO requirements.

NOTE 1 The normative part of this standard has been prepared as a product family EMC standard.

NOTE 2 Effects on human beings are not the subject of this standard.

This standard further gives guidelines and recommendations on the measures to achieve EMC in the electrical and electronic installations of equipment groups:

- a) group A: radio communication and navigation equipment;
- b) group B: power generation and conversion equipment;
- c) group C: equipment operating with pulsed power;
- d) group D: switchgear and control systems;
- e) group E: intercommunication and signal processing equipment;
- f) group F: non-electrical items and equipment;
- g) group G: integrated systems.

The basic EMC standard for groups A and C is IEC 60945.

NOTE This standard does not specify unsafe operation and basic safety requirements such as protection against electric shock and dielectric tests for equipment.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC Guide 107: Electromagnetic compatibility – Guide to the drafting of electromagnetic compatibility publications

IEC 60050(161): International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility

IEC 60092-101: Electrical installations in ships – Part 101: Definitions and general requirements

IEC 60092-201: Electrical installations in ships – Part 201: System design – General

IEC 60092-504: Electrical installations in ships – Part 504: Special features – Control and instrumentation

IEC 60945: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results

IEC 61000-1-1: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 1: General – Section 1: Application and interpretation of fundamental definitions and terms

IEC 61000-4-1: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 1: Overview of immunity tests. Basic EMC Publication

IEC 61000-4-2: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test. Basic EMC Publication

IEC 61000-4-3: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 3: Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test

IEC 61000-4-4: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 4: Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test

IEC 61000-4-5: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 5: Surge immunity test

IEC 61000-4-6: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 6: Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields

IEC 61000-4-11: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 11: Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests

IEC 61000-4-16: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-16: Testing and measurement techniques – Test for immunity to conducted, common mode disturbances in the frequency range 0 Hz to 150 kHz

CISPR 16-1: Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus

CISPR 16-2: Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2: Methods of measurement of disturbance and immunity

SOLAS, International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974 (as amended)

IMO Resolution A.813 (19):1995, General requirements for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) for all electrical and electronic ship's equipment