SVENSK STANDARD SS-EN 61810-1



Fastställd 2015-05-13

Utgåva 4 Sida 1 (1+98) Ansvarig kommitté SEK TK 94/95

© Copyright SEK. Reproduction in any form without permission is prohibited.

Elektromekaniska elementarreläer – Del 1: Allmänna fordringar och säkerhetsfordringar

Electromechanical elementary relays – Part 1: General and safety requirements

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 61810-1:2015. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 61810-1:2015.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 61810-1:2015

består av:

- europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- IEC 61810-1, Fourth edition, 2015 Electromechanical elementary relays Part 1: General and safety requirements

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 61810-1, utgåva 3, 2008, gäller ej fr o m 2018-04-01.

ICS 29.120.70

Standarder underlättar utvecklingen och höjer elsäkerheten

Det finns många fördelar med att ha gemensamma tekniska regler för bl a mätning, säkerhet och provning och för utförande, skötsel och dokumentation av elprodukter och elanläggningar.

Genom att utforma sådana standarder blir säkerhetsfordringar tydliga och utvecklingskostnaderna rimliga samtidigt som marknadens acceptans för produkten eller tjänsten ökar.

Många standarder inom elområdet beskriver tekniska lösningar och metoder som åstadkommer den elsäkerhet som föreskrivs av svenska myndigheter och av EU.

SEK är Sveriges röst i standardiseringsarbetet inom elområdet

SEK Svensk Elstandard svarar för standardiseringen inom elområdet i Sverige och samordnar svensk medverkan i internationell och europeisk standardisering. SEK är en ideell organisation med frivilligt deltagande från svenska myndigheter, företag och organisationer som vill medverka till och påverka utformningen av tekniska regler inom elektrotekniken.

SEK samordnar svenska intressenters medverkan i SEKs tekniska kommittéer och stödjer svenska experters medverkan i internationella och europeiska projekt.

Stora delar av arbetet sker internationellt

Utformningen av standarder sker i allt väsentligt i internationellt och europeiskt samarbete. SEK är svensk nationalkommitté av International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) och Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique (CENELEC).

Standardiseringsarbetet inom SEK är organiserat i referensgrupper bestående av ett antal tekniska kommittéer som speglar hur arbetet inom IEC och CENELEC är organiserat.

Arbetet i de tekniska kommittéerna är öppet för alla svenska organisationer, företag, institutioner, myndigheter och statliga verk. Den årliga avgiften för deltagandet och intäkter från försäljning finansierar SEKs standardiseringsverksamhet och medlemsavgift till IEC och CENELEC.

Var med och påverka!

Den som deltar i SEKs tekniska kommittéarbete har möjlighet att påverka framtida standarder och får tidig tillgång till information och dokumentation om utvecklingen inom sitt teknikområde. Arbetet och kontakterna med kollegor, kunder och konkurrenter kan gynnsamt påverka enskilda företags affärsutveckling och bidrar till deltagarnas egen kompetensutveckling.

Du som vill dra nytta av dessa möjligheter är välkommen att kontakta SEKs kansli för mer information.

SEK Svensk Elstandard

Box 1284 164 29 Kista Tel 08-444 14 00 www.elstandard.se

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 61810-1

April 2015

ICS 29.120.70

Supersedes EN 61810-1:2008

English Version

Electromechanical elementary relays -Part 1: General and safety requirements (IEC 61810-1:2015)

Relais électromécaniques élémentaires -Partie 1: Exigences générales et de sécurité (IEC 61810-1:2015) Elektromechanische Elementarrelais -Teil 1: Allgemeine und Sicherheitsanforderungen (IEC 61810-1:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2015-04-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 94/380/FDIS, future edition 4 of IEC 61810-1, prepared by IEC/TC 94 "All-ornothing electrical relays" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61810-1:2015.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2016-01-01
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2018-04-01

This document supersedes EN 61810-1:2008.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61810-1:2015 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 60335-1:2010	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60335-1:2012 (modified).
IEC 60664-1:1992	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60664-1:2003 1) (not modified).
IEC 60695-11-5:2004	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60695-11-5:2005 (not modified).
IEC 60669-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60669-1.
IEC 60730-1:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60730-1 ²⁾ (modified).
IEC 60947-5-1:2003	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60947-5-1:2004 (not modified).
IEC 60950-1:2005	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60950-1:2006 (modified).
IEC 61140:2001	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61140:2002 (not modified).
IEC 61508 Series	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61508 Series.
IEC 61810-7:2006	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61810-7:2006 (not modified).
ISO 14121-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14121-1 3).
ISO 14971	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14971.

SEK Svensk Elstandard

¹⁾ Superseded by EN 60664-1:2007 (IEC 60664-1:2007).

²⁾ To be published.

³⁾ Superseded by EN ISO 12100 (ISO 12100).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60038 (mod)	2009	IEC standard voltages	EN 60038	2011
IEC 60050	Series	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV)	-	-
IEC 60068-2-2	2007	Environmental testing - Part 2-2: Tests - Test B: Dry heat	EN 60068-2-2	2007
IEC 60068-2-17	1994	Basic environmental testing procedures - Part 2-17: Tests - Test Q: Sealing	EN 60068-2-17	1994
IEC 60068-2-20	2008	Environmental testing - Part 2-20: Tests - Test T: Test methods for solderability and resistance to soldering heat of devices with leads	EN 60068-2-20	2008
IEC 60079-15	2010	Explosive atmospheres - Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n"	EN 60079-15	2010
IEC 60085	2007	Electrical insulation - Thermal evaluation and designation	EN 60085	2008
IEC 60099-1	-	Surge arresters - Part 1: Non-linear resistor type gapped surge arresters for a.c. systems	EN 60099-1	-
IEC 60112	2003	Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials	EN 60112	2003
IEC 60364-4-44 (mod)	2007	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-44: Protection for safety - Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances	HD 60364-4-442	2012
IEC 60417-DB	-	Graphical symbols for use on equipment	-	-
IEC 60664-1	2007	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests	EN 60664-1	2007

Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60664-3	2003	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 3: Use of coating, potting or moulding for protection against pollution	EN 60664-3	2003
IEC 60664-4	2005	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 4: Consideration of high-frequency voltage stress	EN 60664-4 + corr. October	2006 2006
IEC 60664-5	2007	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 5: Comprehensive method for determining clearances and creepage distances equal to or less than 2 mm	EN 60664-5	2007
IEC 60695-2-10	2013	Fire hazard testing - Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure	EN 60695-2-10	2013
IEC 60695-2-11	2000	Fire hazard testing - Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products	EN 60695-2-11	2001 1)
IEC 60695-2-12	2010	Fire hazard testing - Part 2-12: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire flammability index (GWFI) test method for materials	EN 60695-2-12	2010
IEC 60695-2-13	2010	Fire hazard testing - Part 2-13: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire ignition temperature (GWIT) test method for materials	EN 60695-2-13	2010
IEC 60695-10-2	2003	Fire hazard testing - Part 10-2: Abnormal heat - Ball pressure test	EN 60695-10-2	2003 2)
IEC 60721-3-3 +A1	1994 1995	Classification of environmental conditions Part 3: Classification of groups of	- EN 60721-3-3 -	1995 -
+A2	1996	environmental parameters and their severities - Section 3: Stationary use at weatherprotected locations	+A2	1997
IEC 60999-1	1999	Connecting devices - Electrical copper conductors - Safety requirements for screw-type and screwless-type clamping units - Part 1: General requirements and particular requirements for clamping units for conductors from 0,2 mm² up to 35 mm² (included)	EN 60999-1	2000

 $[\]overline{}^{(1)}$ Superseded by EN 60695-2-11:2014 (IEC 60695-2-11:2014): dow = 2017-03-13.

²⁾ Superseded by EN 60695-10-2:2014 (IEC 60695-10-2:2014): dow = 2017-03-26.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61210 (mod)	2010	Connecting devices - Flat quick-connect terminations for electrical copper conductors - Safety requirements	EN 61210	2010
IEC 61760-1	2006	Surface mounting technology - Part 1: Standard method for the specification of surface mounting components (SMDs)	EN 61760-1	2006
IEC 61984	2008	Connectors - Safety requirements and tests	EN 61984	2009

CONTENTS

F	OREWO	PRD	7
1	Scop	e	9
2	Norm	native references	9
3	Term	is and definitions	11
	3.1	Terms and definitions related to general terms	
	3.2	Terms and definitions of relay types	
	3.3	Terms and definitions related to conditions and operations	
	3.4	Terms and definitions of operating values	
	3.5	Terms and definitions related to contacts	
	3.6	Terms and definitions related to accessories	
	3.7	Terms and definitions related to insulation	19
4	Influ	ence quantities	
5	Rate	d values	22
Ī	5.1	General	
	5.2	Rated coil voltage/rated coil voltage range	
	5.3	Operative range	
	5.4	Release	
	5.5	Reset	
	5.6	Electrical endurance	
	5.7	Frequency of operation	
	5.8	Contact loads	
	5.9	Ambient temperature	
	5.10	Categories of environmental protection	
	5.11	Duty factor	
6		eral provisions for testing	
7		imentation and marking	
	7.1	Data	
	7.2	Additional data	
	7.3	Marking	
	7.4	Symbols	
8		ing	
Ŭ	8.1	Requirements	
	8.2	Test set-up	
	8.3	Test procedure	
	8.4	Terminals	
	8.4.1		
	8.4.2		
	8.4.3		
	8.4.4		
	8.4.5	• •	
	8.4.6	• •	
9		operating function	
	9.1	General test conditions	
	9.2	Operate (monostable relays)	
	9.2.1	• • •	
		. , , , , ,	

9.2.2	Operate with PWM and/or other operating methods	35
9.3 Op	erate/reset (bistable relays)	35
10 Dielectri	c strength	35
10.1 Pre	econditioning	35
10.2 Die	electric strength	36
10.3 Sp	ecial cases for test procedure B	37
11 Electrica	ıl endurance	38
11.1 Ge	neral	38
11.2 Ov	erload and endurance test	39
11.3 Fa	ilure and malfunction criteria	39
11.4 Fin	al dielectric test	39
12 Mechani	cal endurance	41
13 Clearand	ces, creepage distances and solid insulation	42
13.1 Ge	neral provisions	42
	earances and creepage distances	
	lid insulation	
	cessible surfaces	
	lid insulation in the coil assembly as part of the insulation coordination	
14 Terminat	tions	48
14.1 Ge	neral	48
	rew terminals and screwless terminals	
	t quick-connect terminations	
	lder terminals	
14.4.1	Resistance to soldering heat	
14.4.2	Solder pins	
14.4.3	Terminals for surface mounting (SMD)	
14.4.4	Other solder terminations (e.g. soldering lugs)	
14.5 So	ckets	
14.6 Alt	ernative termination types	49
16 Heat and	d fire resistance	50
	mative) Explanations regarding relays	
	ormative) Inductive contact loads	
•	mative) Test set-up	
	st circuit	
	scription and requirements	
C.2.1	Power source for coil energization	
C.2.2	Switching (coil control) device	
C.2.3	Power source for contact loads	
C.2.4	Control device	
C.2.5	Measuring and indicating device	
	st schematic	
	ntact load categories (CC)	
	ecial loads	
•	ormative) Special loads	
	dicated device application tests and test sequences	
D.2 Sp	ecial loads for telecom and signal relays	68

D.3 Special loads with inrush current	69
Annex E (normative) Heating test arrangement	72
Annex F (normative) Measurement of clearances and creepage distances	73
Annex G (normative) Relation between rated impulse voltage, nominal voltage and overvoltage category	78
Annex H (normative) Pollution degrees	80
Annex I (normative) Proof tracking test	81
Annex J (informative) Schematic diagram of families of terminations	82
Annex K (normative) Glow-wire test	83
Annex L (normative) Ball pressure test	84
Annex M (informative) Needle flame test	86
Annex N (informative) Resistance for standard soldering processes	87
N.1 General	87
N.2 Double wave soldering process	87
N.2.1 Profile	
N.2.2 Conditions	
N.3 SMT and through hole reflow (THR) soldering process	
N.3.1 Profile	
N.3.2 Conditions	
Annex O (informative) Risk assessment	
O.1 General	
O.2 Risk assessment procedure	
O.3 Achieving tolerable risk	
O.4 An application of risk assessment procedures (proposal for the user)	91
Alphabetical list of terms	93
Bibliography	94
Figure A.1 – Diagram explaining terms related to monostable relays	51
Figure A.2 – Example explaining terms relating to contacts	52
Figure A.3 – Explanations regarding the operative range of the coil voltage	52
Figure A.4 – Explanation regarding the preconditioning and testing of the operate voltage according to 5.3.1 (Class 1) and 9.2	53
Figure A.5 – Explanation regarding the preconditioning and testing of the operate voltage according to 5.3.2 and 9.2	53
Figure C.1 – Standard test circuit	58
Figure C.2 – Functional block diagram	59
Figure C.3 – Contact load categories	61
Figure D.1 – Typical test circuit diagram	67
Figure D.2 – Waveform per synthetic measurement of pulse width and peak current	68
Figure D.3 – Circuit for cable load	68
Figure D.4 – Test circuit for inrush current loads (e.g. capacitive loads and simulated tungsten filament lamp loads) – AC circuits	
Figure D.5 – Example for a tungsten filament lamp test for relays rated 10/100 A/250	
V~/2,5 ms	70

Figure D.6 – Test circuit for inrush current loads (e.g. capacitive loads and simulated lamp loads) – DC circuits	70
Figure D.7 – Test circuit for inrush current loads (e.g. simulated fluorescent lamp loads) with power-factor correction	71
Figure E.1 – Test arrangement	72
Figure F.1 – Example 1	73
Figure F.2 – Example 2	73
Figure F.3 – Example 3	74
Figure F.4 – Example 4	74
Figure F.5 – Example 5a and 5b	74
Figure F.6 – Example 6a and 6b	75
Figure F.7 – Example 7a and 7b	75
Figure F.8 – Example 8a and 8b	76
Figure F.9 – Example 9	76
Figure F.10 – Example 10	77
Figure F.11 – Example 11	77
Figure J.1 – Schematic diagram of families of terminations	82
Figure L.1 – Ball pressure test apparatus	85
Figure N.1 – Double wave soldering profile	87
Figure N.2 – SMT and through hole soldering profile	88
Figure O.1 – Iterative process of risk assessment and risk reduction	89
Figure O.2 – Risk reduction	90
Table 1 – Reference values of influence quantities	22
Table 2 – Categories of protection	24
Table 3 – Type testing	26
Table 4 – Routine tests	26
Table 5 – Number of test samples	26
Table 6 – Required relay data <i>(1 of 2)</i>	27
Table 7 – Symbols	29
Table 8 – Examples for indication of rated values	29
Table 9 – Thermal classification	30
Table 10 – Cross-sectional areas and lengths of conductors dependent on the current carried by the terminal	32
Table 11 – Operate and release with constant coil voltages	34
Table 12 – Operate and release with PWM and/or other operating methods	
Table 13 – Dielectric strength – AC	
Table 14 – Dielectric strength – DC	37
Table 15 – Electrical endurance test procedures	
Table 16 – Schematics for contact loading	
Table 17 – Provisions for the dimensioning of clearances and creepage distances	
Table 18 – Minimum clearances in air for insulation coordination	
Table 19 – Material groups	
Table 20 – Minimum creenage distances for equipment subject to long-term stresses	

Table 21 – Rated insulation voltage according to supply system voltage	47
Table 22 – Test conditions for test Tb	49
Table B.1 – Verification of the making and breaking capacity (abnormal conditions)	55
Table B.2 – Verification of the making and breaking capacity (normal conditions)	56
Table B.3 – Electrical endurance test	56
Table B.4 – Contact rating designations and equivalency to utilization categories	57
Table C.1 – Characteristics of power sources for contact loads	59
Table C.2 – Standard contact load characteristics	60
Table D.1 – Overload test values	62
Table D.2 – Endurance test values	63
Table D.3 – Horsepower-rated equipment full-load currents (AC)	64
Table D.4 – Horsepower-rated equipment currents (DC)	64
Table D.5 – Overload and endurance test voltages	64
Table D.6 – Bulk energy capacitances	66
Table D.7 – Peak current requirements	66
Table G.1 – Correspondence between the nominal voltage of the supply system and the equipment rated impulse withstand voltage, in case of overvoltage protection by surge-arresters according to IEC 60099-1	78
Table O.1 – Examples for the relation between failure mode, consequences and hazard	91
Table O.2 – Severity of harm	92
Table O.3 – Probability of harm	92
Table O.4 – Risk category	92

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTROMECHANICAL ELEMENTARY RELAYS -

Part 1: General and safety requirements

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61810-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 94: All-ornothing electrical relays.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- two main test procedures were introduced: procedure A, reflecting the procedure known from Edition 3 of this standard and procedure B, reflecting the assessment according to North American requirements;
- inclusion of dedicated device application tests especially relevant for applications in the North American Market (see Clause D.1);
- introduction of testing under single mounting condition;
- clarification of insulation requirements after endurance testing;

- inclusion of provisions for basic safety requirements;
- update of references.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
94/380/FDIS	94/384RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 61810 series, published under the general title *Electromechanical elementary relays* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed.
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

ELECTROMECHANICAL ELEMENTARY RELAYS -

Part 1: General and safety requirements

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61810 applies to electromechanical elementary relays (non-specified time all-or-nothing relays) for incorporation into low voltage equipment (circuits up to 1 000 V alternate current or 1 500 V direct current). It defines the basic functional and safety requirements and safety-related aspects for applications in all areas of electrical engineering or electronics, such as:

- general industrial equipment,
- electrical facilities,
- electrical machines.
- electrical appliances for household and similar use,
- information technology and business equipment,
- · building automation equipment,
- automation equipment,
- electrical installation equipment,
- medical equipment,
- control equipment,
- telecommunications,
- vehicles,
- transportation (e.g. railways).

Compliance with the requirements of this standard is verified by the type tests indicated.

In case the application of a relay determines additional requirements exceeding those specified in this standard, the relay should be assessed in line with this application in accordance with the relevant IEC standard(s) (e.g. IEC 60730-1, IEC 60335-1, IEC 60950-1).

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60038:2009, IEC standard voltages

IEC 60050 (all parts), *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary* (available at http://www.electropedia.org)

IEC 60068-2-2:2007, Environmental testing - Part 2-2: Tests - Test B: Dry heat

IEC 60068-2-17:1994, Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-17: Tests – Test Q: Sealing

IEC 60068-2-20:2008, Environmental testing – Part 2-20: Tests – Test T: Test methods for solderability and resistance to soldering heat of devices with leads

IEC 60079-15:2010, Explosive atmospheres – Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n"

IEC 60085:2007, Electrical insulation – Thermal evaluation and designation

IEC 60099-1, Surge arresters – Part 1: Non-linear resistor type gapped surge arresters for a.c. systems¹

IEC 60112:2003, Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials

IEC 60364-4-44:2007, Low voltage electrical installations – Part 4-44: Protection for safety – Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances

IEC 60417, *Graphical symbols for use on equipment* (available at http://www.graphical-symbols.info/equipment)

IEC 60664-1:2007, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests

IEC 60664-3:2003, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 3: Use of coating, potting or moulding for protection against pollution

IEC 60664-4:2005, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 4: Consideration of high-frequency voltage stress

IEC 60664-5:2007, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 5: Comprehensive method for determining clearances and creepage distances equal to or less than 2 mm

IEC 60695-2-10:2013, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure

IEC 60695-2-11:2000, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products²

IEC 60695-2-12:2010, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-12: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability index (GWFI) test method for materials

IEC 60695-2-13:2010, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-13: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire ignition temperature (GWIT) test method for materials

IEC 60695-10-2:2003, Fire hazard testing – Part 10-2: Abnormal heat – Ball pressure test

Withdrawn.

This first edition has been replaced in 2014 by a second edition IEC 60695-2-11:2014, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products (GWEPT)

IEC 60721-3-3:1994, Classification of environmental conditions — Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities — Section 3: Stationary use at weatherprotected locations

IEC 60721-3-3:1994/AMD 1:1995 IEC 60721-3-3:1994/AMD 2:1996

IEC 60999-1:1999, Connecting devices – Electrical copper conductors – Safety requirements for screw-type and screwless-type clamping units – Part 1: General requirements and particular requirements for clamping units for conductors from 0,2 mm² up to 35 mm² (included)

IEC 61210:2010, Connecting devices – Flat quick-connect terminations for electrical copper conductors – Safety requirements

IEC 61760-1:2006, Surface mounting technology – Part 1: Standard method for the specification of surface mounting components (SMDs)

IEC 61984:2008, Connectors – Safety requirements and tests