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Kabelklammer

Cable cleats for electrical installations

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 61914:2016. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 61914:2016.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 61914:2016

består av:

- **europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument**, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- **IEC 61914, Second edition, 2015 - Cable cleats for electrical installations**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 61914, utgåva 1, 2009, gäller ej fr o m 2018-12-28.

Standarder underlättar utvecklingen och höjer elsäkerheten

Det finns många fördelar med att ha gemensamma tekniska regler för bl a mätning, säkerhet och provning och för utförande, skötsel och dokumentation av elprodukter och elanläggningar.

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English Version

**Cable cleats for electrical installations
(IEC 61914:2015)**Brides de câbles pour installations électriques
(IEC 61914:2015)Kabelhalter für elektrische Installationen
(IEC 61914:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2015-12-28. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

European foreword

The text of document 23A/786/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 61914, prepared by SC 23A "Cable management systems" of IEC/TC 23 "Electrical accessories" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61914:2016.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2016-09-28
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2018-12-28

This document supersedes EN 61914:2009.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This standard covers the Principle Elements of the Safety Objectives for Electrical Equipment Designed for Use within Certain Voltage Limits (LVD - 2006/95/EC).

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61914:2015 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60068-2-75	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60068-2-75.
IEC 60909-0	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60909-0.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60060-1	2010	High-voltage test techniques - Part 1: General definitions and test requirements	EN 60060-1	2010
IEC 60695-11-5	2004	Fire hazard testing - Part 11-5: Test flames - Needle-flame test method - Apparatus, confirmatory test arrangement and guidance	EN 60695-11-5	2005
ISO 4287	1997	Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) - Surface texture: Profile method - Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters	EN ISO 4287	1998
ISO 4892-2	2006	Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part-2: Xenon-arc lamps	EN ISO 4892-2	2006 ¹⁾
ISO 9227	2012	Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres - Salt spray tests	EN ISO 9227	2012

¹⁾ Superseded by EN ISO 4892-2:2013 (ISO 4892-2:2013).

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

CABLE CLEATS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61914 has been prepared by subcommittee 23A: Cable management systems, of IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2009. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Additional declaration and test for lateral load retention depending on cleat mounting orientation with associated new figures;
- b) Additional declaration of the distance between the cable centres in any short-circuit test and associated new figures;
- c) Specification of the cable to be used in short-circuit testing and relaxation of the ambient temperature limits for the test;
- d) Additional requirement to photograph the short-circuit test arrangement before and after the test and to record more complete details of the cable used;

e) Revised parameters for the test of resistance to UV light.

This edition also includes the following editorial changes with respect to the previous edition:

- f) Revised and updated normative references and bibliography;
- g) Editorial clarification of definitions;
- h) Editorial clarification of procedures for selection of test samples and the testing of cleats designed for more than one cable;
- i) Relaxation of some mandrel material requirements;
- j) Clarification of the inspection requirements following a short-circuit test and adding the option of either a.c. or d.c. voltage testing following a second short-circuit;
- k) Clarification that the resistance to corrosion test applies to all types of fixing;
- l) New cleat example illustration;
- m) Limitations of use of the formulae in Annex B added.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
23A/786/FDIS	23A/795/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- requirements proper: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type;*
- notes: in smaller roman type.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

CABLE CLEATS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements and tests for cable cleats and intermediate restraints used for securing cable in electrical installations. Cable cleats provide resistance to electromechanical forces where declared. This standard includes cable cleats that rely on a mounting surface specified by the manufacturer for axial and/or lateral retention of cables.

This standard does not apply to:

- cable glands;
- cable ties.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60060-1:2010, *High-voltage test techniques – Part 1: General definitions and test requirements*

IEC 60695-11-5:2004, *Fire hazard testing – Part 11-5: Test flames – Needle-flame test method – Apparatus, confirmatory test arrangement and guidance*

ISO 4287:1997, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) – Surface texture: Profile method – Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters*

ISO 4892-2:2006, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*

ISO 9227:2012, *Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres – Salt spray tests*