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## Akustik – Filter för oktavband och delar av oktavband – Del 2: Typprovning

*Electroacoustics –  
Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters –  
Part 2: Pattern-evaluation tests*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 61260-2:2016. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 61260-2:2016.

### Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 61260-2:2016

består av:

- **europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument**, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- **IEC 61260-2, First edition, 2016 - Electroacoustics - Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters - Part 2: Pattern-evaluation tests**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 61260, utgåva 1, 1996 och SS-EN 61260/A1, utgåva 1, 2002, gäller ej fr o m 2019-04-27.

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English Version

**Electroacoustics - Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters  
- Part 2: Pattern-evaluation tests  
(IEC 61260-2:2016)**

Electroacoustique - Filtres de bande d'octave et de bande  
d'une fraction d'octave - Partie 2: Essais d'évaluation d'un  
modèle  
(IEC 61260-2:2016)

Elektroakustik - Bandfilter für Oktaven und Bruchteile von  
Oktaven - Teil 2: Baumusterprüfung  
(IEC 61260-2:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2016-04-27. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels**

## **European foreword**

The text of document 29/845/CDV, future edition 1 of IEC 61260-2, prepared by IEC TC 29, Electroacoustics, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61260-2:2016.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2017-01-27
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2019-04-27

This document supersedes EN 61260:1995.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 61260-2:2016 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

**Annex ZA**  
(normative)  
**Normative references to international publications  
with their corresponding European publications**

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: [www.cenelec.eu](http://www.cenelec.eu).

Publication	Year	Title	EN/HD	Year
IEC 61000-4-2	2008	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test	EN 61000-4-2	2009
IEC 61000-4-3	2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test	EN 61000-4-3	2006
IEC 61000-4-6	2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques - Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	EN 61000-4-6	2014
IEC 61000-6-1	-	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 6-1: Generic standards - Immunity for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments	EN 61000-6-1	-
IEC 61000-6-2	2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments	EN 61000-6-2	2005
-	-		+ corrigendum Sep. 2005	2005
IEC 61000-6-3	-	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 6-3: Generic standards - Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments	EN 61000-6-3	-
IEC 61260-1	2014	Electroacoustics - Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters -- Part 1: Specifications	EN 61260-1	2014
IEC 61672-1	-	Electroacoustics - Sound level meters -- Part 1: Specifications	EN 61672-1	-
ISO/IEC Guide 98-3	-	Uncertainty of measurement - Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)		-
ISO/IEC Guide 98-4	-	Uncertainty of measurement - Part 4: Role of measurement uncertainty in conformity assessment		-
ISO/IEC Guide 99	-	International vocabulary of metrology - Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM)		-
CISPR 16-1-1	-	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring apparatus		-
CISPR 16-1-2	-	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Coupling devices for conducted disturbance measurements	EN 55016-1-2	-

CISPR 16-2-1	-	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Conducted disturbance measurements	EN 55016-2-1	-
CISPR 16-2-3	-	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods -- Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Radiated disturbance measurements	EN 55016-2-3	-
CISPR 22	-	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	EN 55022	-

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ELECTROACOUSTICS – OCTAVE-BAND  
AND FRACTIONAL-OCTAVE-BAND FILTERS –****Part 2: Pattern-evaluation tests****FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 61260-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 29: Electroacoustics.

This first edition of IEC 61260-2 (together with IEC 61260-1:2014 and IEC 61260-3:2016), cancels and replaces the first edition of IEC 61260 published in 1995 and its Amendment 1 published in 2001. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 61260.

- a) The single document in the first edition of IEC 61260:1995 is now separated into three parts of the IEC 61260 series covering: specifications, pattern-evaluation tests and periodic tests.
- b) IEC 61260:1995 specified three performance categories: class 0, 1 and 2 while the IEC 61260 series specifies requirements for class 1 and 2.
- c) In IEC 61260:1995, the design goals for the specification can be based on base-2 or base-10 design. In the IEC 61260 series only base-10 is specified.



- d) The reference environmental conditions have been changed from 20 °C/65 % RH to 23 °C/50 % RH;
- e) IEC 61260:1995 specified tolerance limits without considering the uncertainty of measurement for verification of the specifications. The IEC 61260 series specifies acceptance limits for the observed values and maximum-permitted uncertainty of measurements for laboratories testing conformance to specifications in the standard.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
29/845/CDV	29/881A/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts of the IEC 61260 series, published under the general title *Electroacoustics – Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

## INTRODUCTION

IEC 61260:1995 and IEC 61260:1995/AMD 1:2001 are now separated into the following three parts of IEC 61260 series:

- Part 1: Specifications
- Part 2: Pattern-evaluation tests
- Part 3: Periodic tests

For assessments of conformance to performance specifications, IEC 61260-1 uses different criteria than were used for the IEC 61260:1995 edition.

IEC 61260:1995 did not provide any requirements or recommendations to account for the uncertainty of measurement in assessments of conformance to specifications. This absence of requirements or recommendations to account for uncertainty of measurement created ambiguity in determinations of conformance to specifications for situations where a measured deviation from a design goal was close to the limit of the allowed deviation. If conformance was determined based on whether a measured deviation did or did not exceed the limits, the end-user of the octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters incurred the risk that the true deviation from a design goal exceeded the limits.

To remove this ambiguity, IEC Technical Committee 29, at its meeting in 1996, adopted a policy to account for measurement uncertainty in assessments of conformance in International Standards that it prepares.

This edition of IEC 61260-2 uses an amended criterion for assessing conformance to a specification. Conformance is demonstrated when (a) measured deviations from design goals do not exceed the applicable *acceptance limits* and (b) the uncertainty of measurement does not exceed the corresponding maximum-permitted uncertainty. Acceptance limits are analogous to the tolerance limits allowances for design and manufacturing implied in the IEC 61260:1995.

Actual and maximum-permitted uncertainties of measurement are determined for a coverage probability of 95 %. Unless more specific information is available, the evaluation of the contribution of a specific filter or filter set to a total measurement uncertainty can be based on the acceptance limits and maximum-permitted uncertainties specified in this standard.

# **ELECTROACOUSTICS – OCTAVE-BAND AND FRACTIONAL-OCTAVE-BAND FILTERS –**

## **Part 2: Pattern-evaluation tests**

### **1 Scope**

**1.1** This part of IEC 61260 provides details of the tests necessary to verify conformance to all mandatory specifications given in IEC 61260-1:2014 for octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters.

**1.2** Tests and test methods are applicable to class 1 and class 2 bandpass filters. The aim is to ensure that all testing laboratories use consistent methods to perform pattern-evaluation tests.

### **2 Normative references**

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields*

IEC 61000-6-1, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-1: Generic standards – Immunity for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments*

IEC 61000-6-2:2005, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic standards – Immunity for industrial environments*

IEC 61000-6-3, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-3: Generic standards – Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments*

IEC 61260-1:2014, *Electroacoustics – Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters – Part 1: Specifications*

IEC 61672-1, *Electroacoustics – Sound level meters – Part 1: Specifications*

CISPR 16-1-1, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Measuring apparatus*

CISPR 16-1-2, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Coupling devices for conducted disturbance measurements*

CISPR 16-2-1, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity – Conducted disturbance measurements*

CISPR 16-2-3, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity – Radiated disturbance measurements*

CISPR 22:2008, *Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, *Uncertainty of measurement – Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)*

ISO/IEC Guide 98-4, *Uncertainty of measurement – Part 4: Role of measurement uncertainty in conformity assessment*

ISO/IEC Guide 99, *International vocabulary of metrology – Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM)*