



IEC 60068-2-58

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CONSOLIDATED VERSION



**Environmental testing –
Part 2-58: Tests – Test Td: Test methods for solderability, resistance to
dissolution of metallization and to soldering heat of surface mounting devices
(SMD)**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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REDLINE VERSION



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING –

**Part 2-58: Tests –
Test Td: Test methods for solderability, resistance
to dissolution of metallization and to soldering heat
of surface mounting devices (SMD)**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This Consolidated version of IEC 60068-2-58 bears the edition number 4.1. It consists of the fourth edition (2015-03) [documents 91/1222/FDIS and 91/1250/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2017-07) [documents 91/1445/FDIS and 91/1451/RVD]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC 60068-2-58 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 91: Electronics assembly technology.

This fourth edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- the addition of Sn-Bi low temperature solder alloy;
- the addition of several reflow test conditions in Table 7 – Resistance to soldering heat – Test conditions and severity, reflow method;
- introduction of reflow test method for Test Td₃: Dewetting and resistance to dissolution of metallization;
- implementation of guidance for the choice of a test severity in Clause B.3.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60068, published under the general title *Environmental testing*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
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- amended.

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ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING –

Part 2-58: Tests – Test Td: Test methods for solderability, resistance to dissolution of metallization and to soldering heat of surface mounting devices (SMD)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60068 outlines test Td, applicable to surface mounting devices (SMD).

This ~~standard~~ document provides procedures for determining the solderability, **resistance to dissolution of metallization** and resistance to soldering heat of devices in applications using solder alloys, which are eutectic or near eutectic tin lead (Pb), or lead-free alloys.

The procedures use either a solder bath or reflow method and are applicable only to specimens or products designed to withstand short term immersion in molten solder or limited exposure to reflow systems.

The solder bath method is applicable to SMDs designed for flow soldering and SMDs designed for reflow soldering when the solder bath (dipping) method is appropriate.

The reflow method is applicable to the SMD designed for reflow soldering, to determine the suitability of SMDs for reflow soldering and when the solder bath (dipping) method is not appropriate.

The objective of this standard is to ensure solderability of component lead or termination. In addition, test methods are provided to ensure that the component body can resist against the heat load to which it is exposed during soldering.

This standard covers tests Td₁, Td₂ and Td₃ as listed below:

Number of Td	Test	Method
Td ₁	Solderability of terminations	Method 1: Solder bath Method 2: Reflow
Td ₂	Resistance to soldering heat	Method 1: Solder bath Method 2: Reflow
Td ₃	Dewetting and resistance to dissolution of metallization	Method 1: Solder bath Method 2: Reflow

NOTE 1 For specific components other test methods may exist.

NOTE 2 Test Td does not apply to printed wiring board (PWB), see IEC 61189-3.

NOTE 3 Specific through-hole devices (where the device supplier has specifically documented support for reflow soldering) are also included in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-1, *Environmental testing – Part 1: General and guidance*

IEC 60068-2-20:2008, *Environmental testing – Part 2-20: Tests – Test T: Test methods for solderability and resistance to soldering heat of devices with leads*

IEC 60194, *Printed board design, manufacture and assembly – Terms and definitions*

IEC 61190-1-1, *Attachment materials for electronic assemblies – Part 1-1: Requirements for soldering fluxes for high-quality interconnections in electronics assembly*

IEC 61190-1-2:2014, *Attachment materials for electronic assembly – Part 1-2: Requirements for solder pastes for high-quality interconnections in electronics assembly*

IEC 61190-1-3:2007, *Attachment materials for electronic assembly – Part 1-3: Requirements for electronic grade solder alloys and fluxed and non-fluxed solid solders for electronic soldering applications*

IEC 61190-1-3:2007/AMD1:2010

IEC 61191-2, *Printed board assemblies – Part 2: Sectional specification – Requirements for surface mount soldered assemblies*

IEC 61249-2-22, *Materials for printed boards and other interconnecting structures – Part 2-22: Reinforced base materials clad and unclad – Modified non-halogenated epoxide woven E-glass laminated sheets of defined flammability (vertical burning test), copper-clad*

IEC 61249-2-35, *Materials for printed boards and other interconnecting structures – Part 2-35: Reinforced base materials, clad and unclad – Modified epoxide woven E-glass laminate sheets of defined flammability (vertical burning test), copper-clad for lead-free assembly*

IEC 61760-1, *Surface mounting technology – Part 1: Standard method for the specification of surface mounting components (SMDs)*

ISO 9454-2:1998, *Soft soldering fluxes – Classification and requirements – Part 2: Performance requirements*

FINAL VERSION



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IEC 61760-1, *Surface mounting technology – Part 1: Standard method for the specification of surface mounting components (SMDs)*

ISO 9454-2:1998, *Soft soldering fluxes – Classification and requirements – Part 2: Performance requirements*