

Edition 1.0 2017-12

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Electric cables for photovoltaic systems with a voltage rating of 1,5 kV DC

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 29.060.20; 27.160 ISBN 978-2-8322-5145-4

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
INTRODUCTION	6
1 Scope	7
2 Normative references	7
3 Terms and definitions	8
4 Rated voltage	9
5 Requirements for the construction of cables	
5.1 Conductors	
5.1.1 Material	
5.1.2 Construction	_
5.1.3 Separator between conductor and insulation	
5.1.4 Check of construction	
5.2 Insulation	
5.2.1 Material	
5.2.2 Application to the conductor	
5.2.3 Thickness	
5.3 Sheath	
5.3.1 Material	
5.3.2 Application	
5.3.3 Thickness	
5.3.4 Colour	
5.4 Multi-core cables and additional elements	11
6 Marking	11
6.1 General	11
6.2 Indication of origin	
6.3 Code marking	
6.4 Additional marking	
6.5 Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor	12
6.6 Continuity of marking	12
6.7 Additional requirements	12
6.7.1 Durability	12
6.7.2 Legibility	12
7 Requirements for completed cables	12
7.1 General	12
7.2 Electrical tests - check for absence of faults on the insulation or on the	
complete cable	
7.3 Non electrical tests - overall diameters and ovality	
Annex A (normative) Guide to use	19
A.1 Use of cables for PV systems	19
A.2 Groups	21
A.3 Short-circuit-temperature	
Annex B (normative) Requirements for insulation and sheathing materials	22
Annex C (normative) Cold impact test	24
Annex D (normative) Dynamic penetration test	25
Annex E (normative) Weathering/UV resistance test	26
Bibliography	27

Figure 1 – Example of marking as used on the outer sheath of the cable	12
Figure D.1 – Arrangement for dynamic penetration test	25
Table 1 – Dimensional and insulation resistance values for class 5 conductor cables	13
Table 2 – Dimensional and insulation resistance values for class 2 conductor cables	14
Table 3 – Tests for cables to IEC 62930	15
Table A.1 – Intended use of cables for PV systems (environmental conditions)	20
Table A.2 – Recommended use of cables for PV systems	20
Table A.3 – Current carrying capacity of PV cables	21
Table A.4 – Current rating conversion factors for different ambient temperatures	21
Table B.1 – Requirements for insulation and sheathing materials	22
Table C.1 – Parameters for cold impact test	24

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRIC CABLES FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS WITH A VOLTAGE RATING OF 1,5 kV DC

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62930 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 20: Electric cables.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
20/1764/FDIS	20/1777/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

INTRODUCTION

This document specifies cables for use in photovoltaic (PV) systems for installation at the direct current (DC) side. These cables are suitable for permanent outdoor long-term use under variable demanding climate conditions. Relatively stringent requirements are set for these products in line with the expected usage conditions.

During the writing of this document, the work of IEC TC 64 (Electrical installations and protection against electric shock) and IEC TC 82 (Solar photovoltaic energy systems) on the design and installation of PV systems has been taken into account.

ELECTRIC CABLES FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS WITH A VOLTAGE RATING OF 1,5 kV DC

1 Scope

This document applies to single-core cross-linked insulated power cables with cross-linked sheath. These cables are for use at the direct current (DC) side of photovoltaic systems, with a rated DC voltage up to 1,5 kV between conductors and between conductor and earth. This document includes halogen free low smoke cables and cables that can contain halogens.

The cables are suitable to be used with Class II equipment as defined in IEC 61140.

The cables are designed to operate at a normal continuous maximum conductor temperature of 90 °C. The permissible period of use at a maximum conductor temperature of 120 °C is limited to 20 000 h.

NOTE The expected period of use under normal usage conditions as specified in this document is at least 25 years.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-78, Environmental testing – Part 2-78: Tests – Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state

IEC 60216-1, Electrical insulating materials – Thermal endurance properties – Part 1: Ageing procedures and evaluation of test results

IEC 60216-2, Electrical insulating materials – Thermal endurance properties – Part 2: Determination of thermal endurance properties of electrical insulating materials – Choice of test criteria

IEC 60227-2:1997, Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V - Part 2: Test methods

IEC 60245-2:1994, Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 2: Test methods

IEC 60228:2004, Conductors of insulated cables

IEC 60332-1-2:2004, Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 1-2: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable – Procedure for 1 kW pre-mixed flame

IEC 60332-1-2:2004/AMD1:2015

IEC 60364-5-52, Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 5-52: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Wiring systems

IEC 60719, Calculation of the lower and upper limits for the average outer dimensions of cables with circular copper conductors and of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 60811-401:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 401: Miscellaneous tests – Thermal ageing methods – Ageing in an air oven

IEC 60811-403, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 403: Miscellaneous tests – Ozone resistance test on cross-linked compounds

IEC 60811-404, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 404: Miscellaneous tests – Mineral oil immersion tests for sheaths

IEC 60811-501, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 501: Mechanical tests – Tests for determining the mechanical properties of insulating and sheathing compounds

IEC 60811-503, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 503: Mechanical tests – Shrinkage test for sheaths

IEC 60811-504, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 504: Mechanical tests – Bending tests at low temperature for insulation and sheaths

IEC 60811-505, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 505: Mechanical tests – Elongation at low temperature for insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-506, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 506: Mechanical tests – Impact test at low temperature for insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-507, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 507: Mechanical tests – Hot set test for cross-linked materials

IEC 61034-2, Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions – Part 2: Test procedure and requirements

IEC 61140, Protection against electric shock – Common aspects for installation and equipment

IEC 62230, Electric cables – Spark-test method

IEC 62440:2008, Electric cables with a rated voltage not exceeding 450/750 V - Guide to use

IEC 62821-1:2015, Electric cables – Halogen-free, low smoke, thermoplastic insulated and sheathed cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 62821-2:2015, Electric cables – Halogen-free, low smoke, thermoplastic insulated and sheathed cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 2: Test methods