

REDLINE VERSION



**High-voltage switchgear and controlgear –
Part 209: Cable connections for gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for
rated voltages above 52 kV – Fluid-filled and extruded insulation cables – Fluid-
filled and dry-type cable terminations**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 209: Cable connections for gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV – Fluid-filled and extruded insulation cables – Fluid-filled and dry-type cable terminations

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62271-209 has been prepared by subcommittee 17C: Assemblies, of IEC technical committee 17: High-voltage switchgear and controlgear.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) New numbering in accordance with ISO/IEC directives, Part 2 (2016) and to IEC 62271-1:2017;
- b) Clause 3: addition of a definition for plug-in cable termination, filling pressure and minimum function pressure for insulation;
- c) Clause 7: An additional dielectric type test for plug-in cable termination was added; also a pressure type test as well as a leak rate test on the insulator of a cable termination was implemented;
- d) Clause 12: New clause about safety practices;
- e) Clause 13: New clause about influence of the product on the environment;
- f) New informative Annex A: Mechanical forces applied on the flange of the cable connection enclosure.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
17C/696/FDIS	17C/701/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This standard is to be read in conjunction with IEC 62271-1:2017, to which it refers and which is applicable unless otherwise specified in this standard. In order to simplify the indication of corresponding requirements, the same numbering of clauses and subclauses is used as in IEC 62271-1. Amendments to these clauses and subclauses are given under the same references whilst additional subclauses are numbered from 101.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62271 series, published under the general title *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, can be found on the IEC website.

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HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 209: Cable connections for gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV – Fluid-filled and extruded insulation cables – Fluid-filled and dry-type cable terminations

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62271 covers the connection assembly of fluid-filled and extruded cables to gas-insulated metal enclosed switchgear (GIS), in single- or three-phase arrangements where the cable terminations are fluid-filled or dry-type and there is a separating insulating barrier between the cable insulation and the gas insulation of the switchgear.

The purpose of this document is to establish electrical and mechanical interchangeability between cable terminations and the gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear and to determine the limits of supply. It complements and amends, if ~~necessary~~ applicable, the relevant IEC standards. For the purpose of this document the term "switchgear" is used for "gas-insulated metal enclosed switchgear".

It does not cover directly immersed cable terminations, as described in CIGRE brochure 89 [4]¹.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60038:~~1983~~, *IEC standard voltages*–²
~~Amendment 1 (1994)~~
~~Amendment 2 (1997)~~

IEC 60068-2-17:1994, *Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-17:Tests – Test Q: Sealing*

IEC 60141 (all parts), *Tests on oil-filled and gas-pressure cables and their accessories*

~~IEC 60141-1:1993, Tests on oil-filled and gas-pressure cables and their accessories – Part 1: Oil-filled, paper-insulated, metal-sheathed cables and accessories for alternating voltages up to and including 400 kV~~

~~IEC 60141-2:1963, Tests on oil-filled and gas-pressure cables and their accessories – Part 2: Internal gas-pressure cables and accessories for alternating voltages up to 275 kV~~

IEC 60376, *Specification of technical grade sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) and complementary gases to be used in its mixtures for use in electrical equipment*

¹ Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

² ~~There exists a consolidated version (2002) including Amendment 1 and 2.~~

IEC 60480, *Guidelines for the checking and treatment of sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) taken from electrical equipment and specification for its re-use*

~~IEC 60694:1996, Common specifications for high-voltage switchgear and controlgear standards~~

IEC 60840:2004, *Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages above 30 kV ($U_m = 36$ kV) up to 150 kV ($U_m = 170$ kV) – Test methods and requirements*

IEC 62067:2001, *Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages above 150 kV ($U_m = 170$ kV) up to 500 kV ($U_m = 550$ kV) – Test methods and requirements*

~~Amendment 1 (2006)~~

IEC 62271-1:2017, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications for alternating current switchgear and controlgear*

IEC 62271-203:2003 2011, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 203: Gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV*

~~Report of CIGRE WG 23-10, ELECTRA 151, December 1993, Earthing of GIS – An Application Guide~~

~~CIGRE brochure 89: Accessories for HV Extruded Cables, CIGRE WG 21.06, 1995, Chapter 2.1.5 Directly Immersed Metal Enclosed GIS Termination~~

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**High-voltage switchgear and controlgear –
Part 209: Cable connections for gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for
rated voltages above 52 kV – Fluid-filled and extruded insulation cables – Fluid-
filled and dry-type cable terminations**

**Appareillage à haute tension –
Partie 209: Raccordement de câbles pour appareillage sous enveloppe
métallique à isolation gazeuse de tension assignée supérieure à 52 kV – Câbles
remplis d'un fluide ou à isolation extrudée – Extrémité de câble de type sec ou
remplie d'un fluide**

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- e) Clause 13: New clause about influence of the product on the environment;
- f) New informative Annex A: Mechanical forces applied on the flange of the cable connection enclosure.

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1 Scope

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IEC 60141 (all parts), *Tests on oil-filled and gas-pressure cables and their accessories*

IEC 60376, *Specification of technical grade sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) and complementary gases to be used in its mixtures for use in electrical equipment*

IEC 60480, *Guidelines for the checking and treatment of sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) taken from electrical equipment and specification for its re-use*

IEC 60840, *Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages above 30 kV (U_m = 36 kV) up to 150 kV (U_m = 170 kV) – Test methods and requirements*

IEC 62067, *Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages above 150 kV (U_m = 170 kV) up to 500 kV (U_m = 550 kV) – Test methods and requirements*

¹ Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

IEC 62271-1:2017, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications for alternating current switchgear and controlgear*

IEC 62271-203:2011, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 203: Gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV*

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

APPAREILLAGE À HAUTE TENSION –

**Partie 209: Raccordement de câbles pour appareillage sous enveloppe métallique à isolation gazeuse de tension assignée supérieure à 52 kV –
Câbles remplis d'un fluide ou à isolation extrudée –
Extrémité de câble de type sec ou remplie d'un fluide**

AVANT-PROPOS

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La Norme internationale IEC 62271-209 a été établie par le sous-comité 17C: Ensembles, du comité d'études 17 de l'IEC: Appareillage haute tension.

Cette deuxième édition annule et remplace la première édition parue en 2007. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) Nouvelle numérotation conformément aux directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2 (2016) et à l'IEC 62271-1:2017;

- b) Article 3: ajout des définitions d'extrémité de câble embrochable, de pression de remplissage et de pression minimale de fonctionnement;
- c) Article 7: Un essai diélectrique de type complémentaire pour les extrémités de câbles embrochables a été ajouté; un essai de pression de type ainsi qu'un essai de taux de fuite type pour l'isolateur des extrémités de câble ont également été appliqués;
- d) Article 12: Nouvel article relatif aux pratiques en matière de sécurité;
- e) Article 13: Nouvel article relatif à l'influence du produit sur l'environnement;
- f) Nouvelle Annexe A informative: Forces mécaniques appliquées sur la bride de l'enveloppe du raccordement de câble.

Le texte de cette norme est issu des documents suivants:

FDIS	Rapport de vote
17C/696/FDIS	17C/701/RVD

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à l'approbation de la présente Norme internationale.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2.

La présente Norme doit être lue conjointement à l'IEC 62271-1:2017, à laquelle elle fait référence et qui est applicable, sauf indication contraire dans la présente Norme. Pour faciliter le repérage des exigences correspondantes, cette norme utilise une numérotation identique des articles et des paragraphes à celle de l'IEC 62271-1. Les modifications de ces articles et de ces paragraphes ont des références identiques; les paragraphes supplémentaires qui n'ont pas d'équivalent dans l'IEC 62271-1, sont numérotés à partir de 101.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 62271, publiées sous le titre général *Appareillage à haute tension*, peut être consultée sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous «<http://webstore.iec.ch>» dans les données relatives au document recherché. À cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé,
- remplacé par une édition révisée, ou
- amendé.

APPAREILLAGE À HAUTE TENSION –

Partie 209: Raccordement de câbles pour appareillage sous enveloppe métallique à isolation gazeuse de tension assignée supérieure à 52 kV – Câbles remplis d'un fluide ou à isolation extrudée – Extrémité de câble de type sec ou remplie d'un fluide

1 Domaine d'application

La présente partie de l'IEC 62271 est applicable à l'assemblage de raccordement de câbles remplis d'un fluide ou à isolation extrudée au poste sous enveloppe métallique (PSEM), dans une disposition unipolaire ou tripolaire. Les extrémités de câble sont remplies d'un fluide ou de type sec et une séparation isolante se trouve entre le fluide d'isolation du câble et l'isolation gazeuse de l'appareillage.

Le but du présent document est d'établir une interchangeabilité électrique et mécanique entre les extrémités de câble et l'appareillage sous enveloppe métallique à isolation gazeuse et de déterminer les limites de fourniture. Elle complète et modifie, le cas échéant, les normes particulières de l'IEC. Dans le cadre du présent document, le terme «appareillage» est utilisé pour «appareillage sous enveloppe métallique à isolation gazeuse».

Il ne s'applique pas aux extrémités de câble du type directement immergées telles que décrites dans la brochure 89 du CIGRÉ [14]¹.

2 Références normatives

Les documents suivants cités dans le texte constituent, pour tout ou partie de leur contenu, des exigences du présent document. Pour les références datées, seule l'édition citée s'applique. Pour les références non datées, la dernière édition du document de référence s'applique (y compris les éventuels amendements).

IEC 60038, *Tensions normales de la CEI*

IEC 60068-2-17:1994, *Essais fondamentaux climatiques et de robustesse mécanique – Partie 2-17:Essais – Essai Q:Étanchéité*

IEC 60141 (toutes les parties), *Essais de câbles à huile fluide, à pression de gaz et de leurs dispositifs accessoires*

IEC 60376, *Specification of technical grade sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) and complementary gases to be used in its mixtures for use in electrical equipment* (disponible en anglais seulement)

IEC 60480, *Lignes directrices relatives au contrôle et au traitement de l'hexafluorure de soufre (SF₆) prélevé sur le matériel électrique et spécification en vue de sa réutilisation*

IEC 60840, *Câbles d'énergie à isolation extrudée et leurs accessoires pour des tensions assignées supérieures à 30 kV (U_m = 36 kV) et jusqu'à 150 kV (U_m = 170 kV) – Méthodes et exigences d'essai*

¹ Les chiffres entre crochets renvoient à la Bibliographie.

IEC 62067, *Câbles d'énergie à isolation extrudée et leurs accessoires pour des tensions assignées supérieures à 150 kV ($U_m = 170$ kV) et jusqu'à 500 kV ($U_m = 550$ kV) – Méthodes et exigences d'essai*

IEC 62271-1:2017, *Appareillage à haute tension – Partie 1: Spécifications communes pour appareillage à courant alternatif*

IEC 62271-203:2011, *Appareillage à haute tension – Partie 203: Appareillage sous enveloppe métallique à isolation gazeuse de tensions assignées supérieures à 52 kV*