

Edition 3.0 2020-08

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE

PRODUCT FAMILY EMC STANDARD

Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, Electric tools and similar apparatus – Part 2: Immunity – Product family standard

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 33.100.20 ISBN 978-2-8322-8733-0

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

Ε(DREWO	RD	4
IN	TRODU	ICTION	6
1	Scop	e	7
2	Norm	native references	8
3	Term	is, definitions and abbreviated terms	9
	3.1	General	
	3.2	General terms and definitions	
	3.3	Abbreviated terms	
4		sification of apparatus	
5	Tests		
•	5.1	Electrostatic discharge	_
	5.2	Fast transients	
	5.3	Injected currents, 0,15 MHz to 230 MHz	
	5.4	Injected currents, 0,15 MHz to 80 MHz	
	5.5	Radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 80 MHz to 6 GHz	
	5.6	Surges	
	5.7	Voltage dips	
6	Perfo	ormance criteria	21
7	Appli	cability of immunity tests	22
	7.1	General	
	7.2	Application of tests for the different categories of apparatus	
	7.2.1		
	7.2.2	Category I	22
	7.2.3	Category II	23
	7.2.4	Category III	23
	7.2.5	Category IV	23
	7.2.6	Category V	24
	7.2.7	Exceptions	24
8	Test	conditions	24
	8.1	General	24
	8.2	Mains operation	25
	8.2.1	Voltage at the AC mains port	25
	8.2.2	Frequency at the AC mains port	25
	8.3	DC operation	25
	8.3.1	, ,	
	8.3.2	- 11 9	
	8.4	Specific test conditions	
	8.4.1	ĕ	
	8.4.2	, , , ,	
	8.4.3		
	8.5	Test procedures	
	8.6	Multifunction equipment	
	8.7	Equipment with built-in lighting function	
0	8.8 Com	Equipment incorporating radio functions	
9		pliance with this publication	
10	ı lest	uncertainty	30

11 Test report	30
Annex A (informative) Guidance for permissible degradation	31
Bibliography	32
Figure 1 – Examples of ports	11
Figure 2 – Example for a test set-up for large EUTs (e.g. refrigerators) where the	
cable leaves the EUT on a height of more than 1 m above the floor	18
Table 1 – Enclosure port	15
Table 2 – Signal ports, control ports and wired network ports	
Table 3 – Input and output DC power ports	15
Table 4 – Input and output AC power ports	16
Table 5 – Signal ports, control ports and wired network ports	16
Table 6 – Input and output DC power ports	17
Table 7 – Input and output AC power ports	17
Table 8 – Signal ports, control ports and wired network ports	18
Table 9 – Input and output DC power ports	19
Table 10 – Input and output AC power ports	19
Table 11 – Enclosure ports	20
Table 12 – Input AC power ports	20
Table 13 – Wired network ports	21
Table 14 – Input AC power ports	21
Table 15 – Immunity tests applicable to Category II	23
Table 16 – Immunity tests applicable to Category III	23
Table 17 – Immunity tests applicable to Category IV	
Table 18 – Immunity tests applicable to Category V	
Table A.1 – Examples of degradations	31

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY –
REQUIREMENTS FOR HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES,
ELECTRIC TOOLS AND SIMILAR APPARATUS –

Part 2: Immunity - Product family standard

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard CISPR 14-2 has been prepared by CISPR subcommittee F: Interference relating to household appliances tools, lighting equipment and similar apparatus.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2015. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) extension of the frequency range for radiated immunity above 1 GHz;
- b) an advanced categorisation of equipment;
- revision of general test conditions and addition of new specific test conditions (e.g. for robotic equipment);
- d) clarification of requirements applicable to equipment incorporating radio functions;

- e) addition of requirements for wired network ports;
- f) revision of definitions and addition of new ones;
- g) delete requirements referring to statistical evaluation;
- h) alignment with CISPR 14-1, where applicable.

The text of this document is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
CIS/F/795/FDIS	CIS/F/797/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this document can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the CISPR 14 series, published under the general title *Electromagnetic* compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus, can be found on the IEC website.

This document has the status of a product family standard.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

The intention of this document is to establish uniform requirements for the electromagnetic immunity of the equipment mentioned in the scope, to fix test specifications of immunity, to refer to basic standards for methods of testing, and to standardize operating conditions, performance criteria and interpretation of results.

Keywords: Immunity, household appliances, electric apparatus, electromagnetic compatibility.

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY – REQUIREMENTS FOR HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES, ELECTRIC TOOLS AND SIMILAR APPARATUS –

Part 2: Immunity - Product family standard

1 Scope

This part of CISPR 14 specifies the electromagnetic immunity requirements in the frequency range 0 Hz to 400 GHz that apply to appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus as specified below, whether powered by AC or DC (including a battery).

This document specifies immunity requirements for continuous and transient electromagnetic disturbances, both conducted and radiated.

Unless otherwise specified, this document is applicable to all equipment in the scope of CISPR 14-1, namely:

household appliances or similar apparatus;

NOTE 1 Examples are equipment used:

- for typical housekeeping functions in the household environment, which includes the dwelling and its associated buildings, the garden, etc.;
- for typical housekeeping functions in shops, offices, commercial and other similar working environments;
- on farms;
- by clients in hotels and other residential type environments;
- for induction cooking or air conditioning, either in residential or commercial environments.
- · electric tools;

NOTE 2 Examples of electric tools include electric motor-operated or electromagnetically driven hand-held tools, transportable tools, lawn and garden machinery.

similar apparatus;

NOTE 3 Examples are:

- external power controllers using semiconductor devices;
- motor-driven electro-medical equipment;
- electric/electronic toys;
- personal care and beauty care appliances;
- automatic goods-dispensing machines;
- entertainment machines;
- cine or slide projectors;
- battery chargers and external power supplies for use with products under the scope of this document;
- electric fence energisers.

Included in the scope of this document are also microwave ovens for domestic use or catering.

Equipment which incorporate radio transmit/receive functions are included in the scope of this document.

NOTE 4 For handling cases where equipment under the scope of this document is combined with transmit and/or receive radio functions, see Clause 8.

Excluded from the scope of this document are:

 equipment for which all electromagnetic immunity requirements are explicitly formulated in other CISPR or IEC standards:

NOTE 5 Examples are:

- luminaires, including portable luminaires for children, discharge lamps, LED lamps and other lighting devices under the scope of IEC 61547 (but see 8.7);
- multimedia equipment under the scope of CISPR 35;
- mains communication devices, as well as baby surveillance systems;
- arc welding equipment.
- equipment intended to be part of the fixed electrical installation of buildings (e.g. fuses, circuit breakers, cables and switches);
- medical electrical equipment, including those in the scope of CISPR 14-1;
- equipment used only in industrial environment;
- equipment intended to be used exclusively in locations where special electromagnetic conditions exist (e.g. high electromagnetic fields nearby broadcast transmitting stations or high energy pulses nearby power generation stations);
- equipment intended to be used exclusively on a vehicle, ship, boat or aircraft;
- the effects of electromagnetic phenomena relating to the safety of apparatus (see IEC 60335 series);

Also excluded from the scope of this document is AC single-phase equipment with a rated voltage higher than 250 V between phase and neutral and AC multi-phase equipment with rated voltage higher than 480 V.

Abnormal operation of the equipment, such as simulated faults in the electric circuitry for testing purposes, is not taken into consideration.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-161, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 161: Electromagnetic compatibility

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD1:2007 IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD2:2010

IEC 61000-4-4:2012, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test

IEC 61000-4-5:2014, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test IEC 61000-4-5:2014/AMD1:2017

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields

IEC 61000-4-11:2020, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests for equipment with input current up to 16 A per phase

IEC 61000-4-20:2010, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-20: Testing and measurement techniques – Emission and immunity testing in transverse electromagnetic (TEM) waveguides

IEC 61000-4-22:2010, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-22: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated emissions and immunity measurements in fully anechoic rooms (FARs)

CISPR 14-1:2020, Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus – Part 1: Emission