

Svenska Elektriska Kommissionen, SEK

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## Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitet (EMC) – Del 4-13: Mät- och provningsmetoder – Provning av immunitet mot ledningsbundna övertoner, mellantoner och signalöverföring på elnät

*Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) –  
Part 4-13: Testing and measurement techniques –  
Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling at a.c. power port,  
low frequency immunity tests*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 61000-4-13:2002. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 61000-4-13:2002.

### Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 61000-4-13:2002

består av:

- **europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument**, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- **IEC 61000-4-13, First edition, 2002 - Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-13: Testing and measurement techniques - Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling at a.c. power port, low frequency immunity tests**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.



**Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)  
Part 4-13: Testing and measurement techniques -  
Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling  
at a.c. power port, low frequency immunity tests  
(IEC 61000-4-13:2002)**

Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM)  
Partie 4-13: Techniques d'essai  
et de mesure -  
Essais d'immunité basse fréquence  
aux harmoniques et inter-harmoniques  
incluant les signaux transmis  
sur le réseau électrique alternatif  
(CEI 61000-4-13:2002)

Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV)  
Teil 4-13: Prüf- und Messverfahren -  
Prüfungen der Störfestigkeit  
am Wechselstrom-Netzanschluss  
gegen Oberschwingungen  
und Zwischenharmonische einschließlich  
leitungsgeführter Störgrößen  
aus der Signalübertragung  
auf elektrischen Niederspannungsnetzen  
(IEC 61000-4-13:2002)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2002-05-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

## CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels**

## Foreword

The text of document 77A/368/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61000-4-13, prepared by SC 77A, Low frequency phenomena, of IEC TC 77, Electromagnetic compatibility, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61000-4-13 on 2002-05-01.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented  
at national level by publication of an identical  
national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2003-02-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting  
with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2005-05-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard.

Annexes designated "informative" are given for information only.

In this standard, annex ZA is normative and annexes A, B and C are informative.

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

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## Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61000-4-13:2002 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60068-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60068-1:1994 (not modified).
IEC 61000-2-4	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61000-2-4:1994 (not modified).

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## Annex ZA (normative)

### Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-161	- <sup>1)</sup>	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility	-	-
IEC 61000-2-2	- <sup>1)</sup>	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 2-2: Environment - Compatibility levels for low-frequency conducted disturbances and signalling in public low-voltage power supply systems	EN 61000-2-2	2002 <sup>2)</sup>
IEC 61000-3-2 (mod)	- <sup>1)</sup>	Part 3-2: Limits - Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current up to and including 16 A per phase)	EN 61000-3-2	2000 <sup>2)</sup>
IEC 61000-4-7	- <sup>1)</sup>	Part 4-7: Testing and measurement techniques - General guide on harmonics and interharmonics measurements and instrumentation, for power supply systems and equipment connected thereto	EN 61000-4-7	1993 <sup>2)</sup>

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<sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

<sup>2)</sup> Valid edition at date of issue.

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## **ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) –**

### **Part 4-13: Testing and measurement techniques – Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling at a.c. power port, low frequency immunity tests**

#### **1 Scope and object**

This part of IEC 61000 defines the immunity test methods and range of recommended basic test levels for electrical and electronic equipment with rated current up to 16 A per phase at disturbance frequencies up to and including 2 kHz (for 50 Hz mains) and 2,4 kHz (for 60 Hz mains) for harmonics and interharmonics on low voltage power networks.

It does not apply to electrical and electronic equipment connected to 16 2/3 Hz , or to 400 Hz a.c. networks. Tests for these networks will be covered by future standards.

The object of this standard is to establish a common reference for evaluating the functional immunity of electrical and electronic equipment when subjected to harmonics and interharmonics and mains signalling frequencies. The test method documented in this part of IEC 61000 describes a consistent method to assess the immunity of an equipment or system against a defined phenomenon. As described in IEC guide 107, this is a basic EMC publication for use by product committees of the IEC. As also stated in Guide 107, the IEC product committees are responsible for determining whether this immunity test standard should be applied or not, and if applied, they are responsible for determining the appropriate test levels and performance criteria. TC 77 and its sub-committees are prepared to co-operate with product committees in the evaluation of the value of particular immunity tests for their products.

The verification of the reliability of electrical components (for example capacitors, filters, etc.) is not in the scope of the present standard. Long term thermal effects (greater than 15 min) are not considered in this standard.

The levels proposed are more adapted for residential, commercial and light industry environments. For heavy industrial environments the product committees are responsible for the definition of a class X with the necessary levels. They have also the possibility of defining more complex waveforms for their own need. Nevertheless, the simple waveforms proposed have been mainly observed on several networks (flat curve more often for single phase system) and also on industrial networks (overswing curve more for three phase systems).

#### **2 Normative references**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050(161), *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility*