

# SVENSK STANDARD SS-EN IEC 60598-2-22, utg 4:2022

2022-09-21

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# **REDLINE VERSION**

Ljusarmatur – Säkerhet –

Del 2-22: Särskilda fordringar på armatur för nödbelysning

Luminaires – Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

En så kallad "Redline version" (RLV) innehåller både den fastställda IEC-standarden och en ändringsmarkerad standard. Alla tillägg och borttagningar sedan den tidigare utgåvan är markerade med färg. Med en RLV sparar du mycket tid när du ska identifiera och bedöma aktuella ändringar i standarden. SEK Svensk Elstandard kan bara ge ut en RLV i de fall den finns tillgänglig från IEC.





Edition 5.0 2021-12 REDLINE VERSION

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Luminaires -

Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 29.140.40 ISBN 978-2-8322-1059-9

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

### LUMINAIRES -

# Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
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This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 60598-2-22:2014+AMD1:2017 CSV. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 60598-2-22 has been prepared by subcommittee 34D: Luminaires of IEC technical committee 34: Lighting. It is an International Standard.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition published in 2014 and Amendment 1:2017. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) update of requirements for rest mode and inhibiting mode;
- b) clarification of high temperature operation tests;
- c) introduction of new requirements for lithium batteries;
- d) introduction of new requirements for electric double layer capacitors (EDLCs);
- e) clarification of resistance to heat, fire and tracking;
- f) clarification of test facilities for self-contained luminaires;
- g) clarification of the test method for contrast measurements of exit signs.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
34D/1635/FDIS	34D/1642/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs">www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs</a>. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications">www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications</a>.

This Part 2-22 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60598-1 and its amendment(s). It was established on the basis of the ninth edition (2020) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this document, it refers to IEC 60598-1.

NOTE 2 In this document, the following print type is used:

- compliance statements: in italic type.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60598 series, published under the general title *Luminaires*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- · reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

## **INTRODUCTION to Amendment 1**

The light output of LED light sources depends also on the temperature at which it is operated. Typically the temperature is controlled by a heat sink on which it is mounted (e.g. luminaire surface).

For this reason, the calculation of the ratio of the electrical parameter (EOF $_{\rm x}$ ) will be introduced in the LED controlgear standards IEC 61347-2-13 and IEC 61347-2-7, as the direct measurement of EBLF is not practicable.

In particular EOF<sub> $\downarrow$ </sub> is defined as the ratio of the current in emergency mode from constant current controlgear divided by the nominal current of LED ( $I_{normal mode}$ ):

Knowing that the light output of an LED light source is nearly  $^{1}$  directly proportional with the foreward current flowing through it, it is possible to calculate the luminous flux of the luminaire in emergency mode by using the EOF $_{1}$ -or  $I_{\rm emergency}$ -from constant current controlgear.

This document contains a proposal for the modification of IEC 60598-2-22 to use the factor  $EOF_1$  or  $I_{emergency}$  in the luminaire.

-

Any non-linearity due to the increased efficacy at lower operation temperature leads to an increased tolerance of the light output in the emergency mode but always positive.

## **LUMINAIRES** -

# Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

## **22.1** Scope

This part of IEC 60598 specifies requirements for emergency luminaires for use with electrical lamps on emergency power supplies not exceeding 1 000 V.

This document does not cover the effects of non-emergency voltage reductions on luminaires incorporating high pressure discharge lamps.

This document gives general requirements for emergency lighting equipment.

In this document, the term "lamp" which also includes "light source(s)" where appropriate, is used.

### 22.2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60073, Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Coding principles for indication devices indicators and actuators

IEC 60155, Glow-starters for fluorescent lamps

IEC 60598-1, Luminaires – Part 1: General requirements and tests

IEC 60896-21, Stationary lead-acid batteries - Part 21: Valve regulated types - Methods of test

IEC 61032:1997, Protection of persons and equipment by enclosures - Probes for verification

IEC 61056-1, General purpose lead-acid batteries (valve-regulated types) – Part 1: General requirements, functional characteristics – Methods of test

IEC TR 61341, Method of measurement of centre beam intensity and beam angle(s) of reflector lamps

IEC 61347-2-2, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-2: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic step-down convertors for filament lamps

IEC 61347-2-3:2011, Lamp control gear – Part 2-3: Particular requirements for a.c. and/or d.c. supplied electronic control gear for fluorescent lamps

IEC 61347-2-7:2011, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-7: Particular requirements for battery supplied electronic controlgear for emergency lighting (self-contained)

IEC 61347-2-7:2011/AMD1:2017 IEC 61347-2-7:2011/AMD2:2021

IEC 61347-2-12, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-12: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic ballasts for discharge lamps (excluding fluorescent lamps)

IEC 61347-2-13, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-13: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic controlgear for LED modules

IEC 61951-1, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes— Portable sealed rechargeable single cells — Secondary sealed cells and batteries for portable applications — Part 1: Nickel-Cadmium

IEC 61951-2, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes. Portable sealed rechargeable single cells – Secondary sealed cells and batteries for portable applications – Part 2: Nickel-metal hydride

IEC 62034, Automatic test systems for battery powered emergency escape lighting

IEC 62133-2:2017, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary lithium cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications – Part 2: Lithium systems

IEC 62391-1:2015, Fixed electric double-layer capacitors for use in electric and electronic equipment – Part 1: Generic specification

IEC 62391-2:2006, Fixed electric double-layer capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 2: Sectional specification – Electric double-layer capacitors for power application

IEC 62620:2014, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Secondary lithium cells and batteries for use in industrial applications

ISO 3864-1:2011, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs. Part 1: Design principles for safety signs and safety markings

ISO 3864-4:2011, Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Part 4: Colorimetric and photometric properties of safety sign materials

ISO 30061:2007, Emergency lighting

CIE 121 SP1, The photometry of emergency luminaires The Photometry and Goniophotometry of Luminaires – Supplement 1: Luminaires for Emergency Lighting

CIE S025, Test Method for LED Lamps, LED Luminaires and LED Modules



# SVENSK STANDARD SS-EN IEC 60598-2-22, utg 4:2022

Fastställd

Sida

Ansvarig kommitté

SEK TK 34

2022-09-21 1 (1+45)

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# Ljusarmatur – Säkerhet – Del 2-22: Särskilda fordringar på armatur för nödbelysning

Luminaires – Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022.

### Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022

består av:

- europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- IEC 60598-2-22, Fifth edition, 2021 Luminaires Part 2-22: Particular requirements Luminaires for emergency lighting

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Standarden ska användas tillsammans med SS-EN IEC 60598-1 och dess separat utgivna tillägg.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 60598-2-22, utgåva 3, 2014 med ändringarna SS-EN 60598-2-22, utg 3:2014/A1:2020, SS-EN 60598-2-22, utg 3:2014/AC1:2016 och SS-EN 60598-2-22, utg 3:2014/AC2:2016, gäller ej fr o m 2025-06-24.

ICS 29.140.40

## Standarder underlättar utvecklingen och höjer elsäkerheten

Det finns många fördelar med att ha gemensamma tekniska regler för bl a mätning, säkerhet och provning och för utförande, skötsel och dokumentation av elprodukter och elanläggningar.

Genom att utforma sådana standarder blir säkerhetsfordringar tydliga och utvecklingskostnaderna rimliga samtidigt som marknadens acceptans för produkten eller tjänsten ökar.

Många standarder inom elområdet beskriver tekniska lösningar och metoder som åstadkommer den elsäkerhet som föreskrivs av svenska myndigheter och av EU.

## SEK är Sveriges röst i standardiseringsarbetet inom elområdet

SEK Svensk Elstandard svarar för standardiseringen inom elområdet i Sverige och samordnar svensk medverkan i internationell och europeisk standardisering. SEK är en ideell organisation med frivilligt deltagande från svenska myndigheter, företag och organisationer som vill medverka till och påverka utformningen av tekniska regler inom elektrotekniken.

SEK samordnar svenska intressenters medverkan i SEKs tekniska kommittéer och stödjer svenska experters medverkan i internationella och europeiska projekt.

### Stora delar av arbetet sker internationellt

Utformningen av standarder sker i allt väsentligt i internationellt och europeiskt samarbete. SEK är svensk nationalkommitté av International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) och Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique (CENELEC).

Standardiseringsarbetet inom SEK är organiserat i referensgrupper bestående av ett antal tekniska kommittéer som speglar hur arbetet inom IEC och CENELEC är organiserat.

Arbetet i de tekniska kommittéerna är öppet för alla svenska organisationer, företag, institutioner, myndigheter och statliga verk. Den årliga avgiften för deltagandet och intäkter från försäljning finansierar SEKs standardiseringsverksamhet och medlemsavgift till IEC och CENELEC.

## Var med och påverka!

Den som deltar i SEKs tekniska kommittéarbete har möjlighet att påverka framtida standarder och får tidig tillgång till information och dokumentation om utvecklingen inom sitt teknikområde. Arbetet och kontakterna med kollegor, kunder och konkurrenter kan gynnsamt påverka enskilda företags affärsutveckling och bidrar till deltagarnas egen kompetensutveckling.

Du som vill dra nytta av dessa möjligheter är välkommen att kontakta SEKs kansli för mer information.

SEK Svensk Elstandard

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE FUROPÄISCHE NORM

# EN IEC 60598-2-22

June 2022

ICS 29.140.40

Supersedes EN 60598-2-22:2014 + AC:2015 + A1:2020 + AC:2016-05 + AC:2016-09

### **English Version**

# Luminaires - Part 2-22: Particular requirements - Luminaires for emergency lighting (IEC 60598-2-22:2021)

Luminaires - Partie 2-22: Exigences particulières -Luminaires pour éclairage de secours (IEC 60598-2-22:2021) Leuchten - Teil 2-22: Besondere Anforderungen - Leuchten für Notbeleuchtung (IEC 60598-2-22:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2022-02-16. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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Ref. No. EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022 E

# **European foreword**

The text of document 34D/1635/FDIS, future edition 5 of IEC 60598-2-22, prepared by SC 34D "Luminaires" of IEC/TC 34 "Lighting" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national (dop) 2022-12-24 level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes EN 60598-2-22:2014 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document is read in conjunction with EN IEC 60598-1.

This document has been prepared under a Standardization Request given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s) / Regulation(s).

For the relationship with EU Directive(s) / Regulation(s), see informative Annex ZZ, which is an integral part of this document.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 60598-2-22:2021 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 60364-5-56 NOTE Harmonized as HD 60364-5-56

# Annex ZA (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60073	-	Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification - Coding principles for indicators and actuators	EN 60073	2002
IEC 60598-1	-	Luminaires - Part 1: General requirements and tests	EN IEC 60598-1	2021
IEC 60896-21	-	Stationary lead-acid batteries - Part 21: Valve regulated types - Methods of test	EN 60896-21	2004
IEC 61056-1	-	General purpose lead-acid batteries (valve- regulated types) - Part 1: General requirements, functional characteristics - Methods of test	EN 61056-1	2012
IEC 61347-2-2	-	Lamp controlgear - Part 2-2: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic step-down convertors for filament lamps	EN 61347-2-2	2012
IEC 61347-2-3	-	Lamp controlgear - Part 2-3: Particular requirements for a.c. and/or d.c. supplied electronic control gear for fluorescent lamps	EN 61347-2-3	2011
			+AC	2011
			A1	2017
IEC 61347-2-7	-	Lamp controlgear - Part 2-7: Particular requirements for battery supplied electronic controlgear for emergency lighting (self-contained)	EN 61347-2-7	2012
			+ A1	2019
			+ A2	2022

# EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022 (E)

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61347-2-12	-	Lamp controlgear - Part 2-12: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic ballasts for discharge lamps (excluding fluorescent lamps)	EN 61347-2-12	2005
			A1	2010
IEC 61347-2-13	-	Lamp controlgear - Part 2-13: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic controlgear for LED modules	EN 61347-2-13	2014
			A1	2017
IEC 61951-1	-	Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Portable sealed rechargeable single cells - Part 1: Nickel-cadmium	EN 61951-1	2017
IEC 61951-2	-	Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Portable sealed rechargeable single cells - Part 2: Nickel-metal hydride	EN 61951-2	2017
IEC 62034	-	Automatic test systems for battery powered emergency escape lighting	EN 62034	2012
IEC 62620	2014	Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Secondary lithium cells and batteries for use in industrial applications	EN 62620	2015
IEC 62133-2	2017	Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications - Part 2: Lithium systems	EN 62133-2	2017
			+prA1	2020 (in preparation)
IEC 62391-1	2015	Fixed electric double-layer capacitors for use in electric and electronic equipment - Part 1: Generic specification	EN 62391-1	2016
			+AC	2016
			+AC	2019
IEC 62391-2	2006	Fixed electric double-layer capacitors for use in electronic equipment - Part 2: Sectional specification - Electric double-layer capacitors for power application	EN 62391-2	2006
ISO 3864-1	2011	Graphical symbols - Safety colours and safety signs - Part 1: Design principles for safety signs and safety markings	-	-
ISO 3864-4	2011	Graphical symbols Safety colours and safety signs - Part 4: Colorimetric and photometric properties of safety sign materials	-	-
ISO 30061	2007	Emergency lighting	-	-

# EN IEC 60598-2-22:2022 (E)

<u>Publication</u>	Year Title	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
CIE 121 SPI	<ul> <li>The Photometry and Goniophotometry of Luminaires - Supplement 1: Luminaires for Emergency Lighting</li> </ul>	-	-



Edition 5.0 2021-12

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

Luminaires -

Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

Luminaires -

Partie 2-22: Exigences particulières – Luminaires pour éclairage de secours

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## **LUMINAIRES** -

# Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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IEC 60598-2-22 has been prepared by subcommittee 34D: Luminaires of IEC technical committee 34: Lighting. It is an International Standard.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition published in 2014 and Amendment 1:2017. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) update of requirements for rest mode and inhibiting mode;
- b) clarification of high temperature operation tests;
- c) introduction of new requirements for lithium batteries;
- d) introduction of new requirements for electric double layer capacitors (EDLCs);

- e) clarification of resistance to heat, fire and tracking;
- f) clarification of test facilities for self-contained luminaires;
- g) clarification of the test method for contrast measurements of exit signs.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
34D/1635/FDIS	34D/1642/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs">www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs</a>. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications">www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications</a>.

This Part 2-22 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60598-1 and its amendment(s). It was established on the basis of the ninth edition (2020) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this document, it refers to IEC 60598-1.

NOTE 2 In this document, the following print type is used:

- compliance statements: in italic type.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60598 series, published under the general title *Luminaires*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

## **LUMINAIRES** -

# Part 2-22: Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting

## **22.1** Scope

This part of IEC 60598 specifies requirements for emergency luminaires for use with electrical lamps on emergency power supplies not exceeding 1 000 V.

This document does not cover the effects of non-emergency voltage reductions on luminaires incorporating high pressure discharge lamps.

This document gives general requirements for emergency lighting equipment.

In this document, the term "lamp" which also includes "light source(s)" where appropriate, is used.

### 22.2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60073, Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Coding principles for indicators and actuators

IEC 60155, Glow-starters for fluorescent lamps

IEC 60598-1, Luminaires – Part 1: General requirements and tests

IEC 60896-21, Stationary lead-acid batteries - Part 21: Valve regulated types - Methods of test

IEC 61032:1997, Protection of persons and equipment by enclosures - Probes for verification

IEC 61056-1, General purpose lead-acid batteries (valve-regulated types) – Part 1: General requirements, functional characteristics – Methods of test

IEC TR 61341, Method of measurement of centre beam intensity and beam angle(s) of reflector lamps

IEC 61347-2-2, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-2: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic step-down convertors for filament lamps

IEC 61347-2-3:2011, Lamp control gear – Part 2-3: Particular requirements for a.c. and/or d.c. supplied electronic control gear for fluorescent lamps

IEC 61347-2-7:2011, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-7: Particular requirements for battery supplied electronic controlgear for emergency lighting (self-contained) IEC 61347-2-7:2011/AMD1:2017

IEC 61347-2-7:2011/AMD1:2017

IEC 61347-2-12, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-12: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic ballasts for discharge lamps (excluding fluorescent lamps)

IEC 61347-2-13, Lamp controlgear – Part 2-13: Particular requirements for d.c. or a.c. supplied electronic controlgear for LED modules

IEC 61951-1, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Secondary sealed cells and batteries for portable applications – Part 1: Nickel-Cadmium

IEC 61951-2, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Secondary sealed cells and batteries for portable applications – Part 2: Nickel-metal hydride

IEC 62034, Automatic test systems for battery powered emergency escape lighting

IEC 62133-2:2017, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary lithium cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications – Part 2: Lithium systems

IEC 62391-1:2015, Fixed electric double-layer capacitors for use in electric and electronic equipment – Part 1: Generic specification

IEC 62391-2:2006, Fixed electric double-layer capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 2: Sectional specification – Electric double-layer capacitors for power application

IEC 62620:2014, Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Secondary lithium cells and batteries for use in industrial applications

ISO 3864-4:2011, Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Part 4: Colorimetric and photometric properties of safety sign materials

ISO 30061:2007, Emergency lighting

CIE 121 SP1, The Photometry and Goniophotometry of Luminaires – Supplement 1: Luminaires for Emergency Lighting

CIE S025, Test Method for LED Lamps, LED Luminaires and LED Modules