

© Copyright SEK Svensk Elstandard. Reproduction in any form without permission is prohibited.

Isolatorer –

Isolatorer för friledningar med systemspänning över 1 kV –

Del 1: Isolatorer av keramiskt material eller glas för växelspanning – Definitioner, provningsmetoder och villkor för godkännande

Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1 kV –

Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for a.c. systems –

Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN IEC 60383-1:2023. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN IEC 60383-1:2023.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN IEC 60383-1:2023

består av:

- **europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument**, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- **IEC 60383-1, Fifth edition, 2023 - Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1 kV – Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for a.c. systems – Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 60383-1, utg 1:1997 med eventuella tillägg, ändringar och rättelser gäller ej fr o m 2026-08-11.

Standarder underlättar utvecklingen och höjer elsäkerheten

Det finns många fördelar med att ha gemensamma tekniska regler för bl a mätning, säkerhet och provning och för utförande, skötsel och dokumentation av elprodukter och elanläggningar.

Genom att utforma sådana standarder blir säkerhetsfordringar tydliga och utvecklingskostnaderna rimliga samtidigt som marknadens acceptans för produkten eller tjänsten ökar.

Många standarder inom elområdet beskriver tekniska lösningar och metoder som åstadkommer den elsäkerhet som föreskrivs av svenska myndigheter och av EU.

SEK är Sveriges röst i standardiseringsarbetet inom elområdet

SEK Svensk Elstandard svarar för standardiseringen inom elområdet i Sverige och samordnar svensk medverkan i internationell och europeisk standardisering. SEK är en ideell organisation med frivilligt deltagande från svenska myndigheter, företag och organisationer som vill medverka till och påverka utformningen av tekniska regler inom elektrotekniken.

SEK samordnar svenska intressenters medverkan i SEKs tekniska kommittéer och stödjer svenska experters medverkan i internationella och europeiska projekt.

Stora delar av arbetet sker internationellt

Utformningen av standarder sker i allt väsentligt i internationellt och europeiskt samarbete. SEK är svensk nationalkommitté av International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) och Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique (CENELEC).

Standardiseringsarbetet inom SEK är organiserat i referensgrupper bestående av ett antal tekniska kommittéer som speglar hur arbetet inom IEC och CENELEC är organiserat.

Arbetet i de tekniska kommittéerna är öppet för alla svenska organisationer, företag, institutioner, myndigheter och statliga verk. Den årliga avgiften för deltagandet och intäkter från försäljning finansierar SEKs standardiseringsverksamhet och medlemsavgift till IEC och CENELEC.

Var med och påverka!

Den som deltar i SEKs tekniska kommittéarbete har möjlighet att påverka framtida standarder och får tidig tillgång till information och dokumentation om utvecklingen inom sitt teknikområde. Arbetet och kontakterna med kollegor, kunder och konkurrenter kan gynnsamt påverka enskilda företags affärsutveckling och bidrar till deltagarnas egen kompetensutveckling.

Du som vill dra nytta av dessa möjligheter är välkommen att kontakta SEKs kansli för mer information.

SEK Svensk Elstandard

Box 1284
164 29 Kista
Tel 08-444 14 00
www.elstandard.se

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN IEC 60383-1

September 2023

ICS 29.080.10; 29.240.20

Supersedes EN 60383-1:1996;
EN 60383-1:1996/A11:1999

English Version

**Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above
1 000 V - Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for a.c.
systems - Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria
(IEC 60383-1:2023)**

Isolateurs pour lignes aériennes de tension nominale
supérieure à 1 000 V - Partie 1: Éléments d'isolateurs en
matière céramique ou en verre pour systèmes à courant
alternatif - Définitions, méthodes d'essai et critères
d'acceptation
(IEC 60383-1:2023)

Isolatoren für Freileitungen mit einer Nennspannung über
1 000 V - Teil 1: Keramik- oder Glas-Isolatoren für
Wechselstromsysteme - Begriffe, Prüfverfahren und
Annahmekriterien
(IEC 60383-1:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2023-08-11. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

© 2023 CENELEC All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC Members.

Ref. No. EN IEC 60383-1:2023 E

European foreword

The text of document 36/564/FDIS, future edition 5 of IEC 60383-1, prepared by IEC/TC 36 "Insulators" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 60383-1:2023.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2024-05-11
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2026-08-11

This document supersedes EN 60383-1:1996 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60383-1:2023 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cencenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60060-1	-	High-voltage test techniques - Part 1: General definitions and test requirements	EN 60060-1	-
IEC 60120	-	Ball and socket couplings of string insulator units - Dimensions	EN IEC 60120	-
IEC 60305	-	Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V - Ceramic or glass insulator units for AC systems - Characteristics of insulator units of the cap and pin type	EN IEC 60305	-
IEC 60372	-	Locking devices for ball and socket couplings of string insulator units - Dimensions and tests	EN IEC 60372	-
IEC 60433	-	Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V - Ceramic insulators for AC systems - Characteristics of insulator units of the long rod type	EN IEC 60433	-
IEC 60437	-	Radio interference test on high-voltage insulators	EN 60437	-
IEC 60471	-	Clevis and tongue couplings of string insulator units - Dimensions	EN IEC 60471	-
IEC 61211	-	Insulators of ceramic material or glass for overhead lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1 000 V - Impulse puncture testing in air	EN 61211	-
ISO 1459	1973	Metallic coatings - Protection against corrosion by hot dip galvanizing - Guiding principles	-	-
ISO 1460	-	Metallic coatings - Hot dip galvanized coatings on ferrous metals - Determination of the mass per unit area - Gravimetric method	EN ISO 1460	-

EN IEC 60383-1:2023 (E)

ISO 1461	-	Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated iron and steel articles - Specifications and test Methods	EN ISO 1461	-
ISO 1463	-	Metal and oxide coatings - Measurement of coating thickness - Microscopical method	EN ISO 1463	-
ISO 2064	-	Metallic and other inorganic coatings - Definitions and conventions concerning the measurement of thickness	EN ISO 2064	-
ISO 2178	2016	Non-magnetic coatings on magnetic substrates - Measurement of coating thickness - Magnetic method	EN ISO 2178	2016

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V –
Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for a.c. systems – Definitions, test
methods and acceptance criteria**

**Isolateurs pour lignes aériennes de tension nominale supérieure à 1 000 V –
Partie 1: Éléments d'isolateurs en matière céramique ou en verre pour systèmes
à courant alternatif – Définitions, méthodes d'essai et critères d'acceptation**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 29.080.10, 29.240.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-7128-5

**Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.
Attention! Veillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.**

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	6
INTRODUCTION	8
1 Scope	9
2 Normative references	9
3 Terms and definitions	10
4 Classification, types of insulators and insulating materials	13
4.1 Insulator classes	13
4.2 Insulator types	14
4.3 Insulating materials	14
5 Identification of insulators	14
6 Classification of tests	14
6.1 Type tests	14
6.2 Sample tests	15
6.3 Routine tests	15
7 Cross-reference tables for tests to be performed	15
7.1 Pin insulators	15
7.2 Line post insulators	17
7.3 String insulator units	19
7.3.1 General	19
7.3.2 Specified type tests on string insulator units	20
7.4 Insulators for overhead electric traction lines	24
8 Procedures for type and sample tests	24
8.1 Insulator selection for type tests	24
8.2 Sampling rules and procedures for sample tests	24
8.3 Re-test procedure for sample tests	25
9 General requirements for electrical tests	25
10 Artificial rain parameters for wet tests	26
11 Mounting arrangements for electrical tests	26
12 Dry lightning impulse voltage tests	26
12.1 General	26
12.2 Test procedure	26
12.3 Acceptance criteria	26
13 Wet power frequency withstand voltage tests	27
13.1 Test procedure	27
13.2 Acceptance criteria	27
14 RIV test	27
14.1 Test procedure	27
14.2 Acceptance criteria	28
15 Puncture withstand test	28
15.1 General	28
15.2 Impulse puncture testing in air	28
15.3 Power frequency puncture withstand test	29
16 Routine electrical test	29
17 Verification of the dimensions	30
18 Electromechanical failing load test	30

18.1	Test procedure.....	30
18.2	Acceptance criteria	31
19	Mechanical failing load test.....	31
19.1	Test procedure for pin and line post insulators	31
19.2	Test procedure for string insulator units	31
19.3	Acceptance criteria for pin insulators	31
19.4	Acceptance criteria for string insulator units and line post insulators	31
20	Thermal-mechanical performance test	32
20.1	Test procedure.....	32
20.2	Acceptance criteria	33
21	Residual strength test.....	33
21.1	General.....	33
21.2	Previous tests	33
21.3	Preparation of the test pieces	33
21.4	Test procedure.....	34
21.5	Test results.....	34
21.6	Acceptance criteria	34
22	Verification of the axial, radial and angular displacements	34
22.1	Test procedure.....	34
22.2	Acceptance criteria	35
23	Verification of the locking system.....	36
23.1	General.....	36
23.2	Conformity of the locking device	36
23.3	Verification of locking.....	36
23.4	Position of the locking device.....	36
23.5	Procedure for the operation test.....	36
23.6	Acceptance criteria for the operation test.....	37
24	Temperature cycle test	37
24.1	Test procedure for ceramic or toughened glass material	37
24.2	Test procedure for of annealed glass	38
24.3	Special test procedure for insulators with thick sections or very large insulators.....	38
24.4	Complementary specifications.....	38
24.5	Acceptance criteria	38
25	Thermal shock test	39
25.1	Sample test.....	39
25.1.1	Test procedure	39
25.1.2	Acceptance criteria	39
25.2	Routine thermal shock test.....	39
25.2.1	Test procedure	39
25.2.2	Acceptance criteria	39
26	Porosity test	39
26.1	Test procedure.....	39
26.2	Acceptance criteria	39
27	Galvanizing test.....	40
27.1	General.....	40
27.2	Test procedure.....	40
27.2.1	General	40

27.2.2	Appearance	40
27.2.3	Determination of the coating mass by the magnetic test method	40
27.3	Acceptance criteria	40
27.3.1	Acceptance criteria for the appearance test	40
27.3.2	Acceptance criteria for the value of coating mass	41
28	Zinc sleeve test (if applicable)	41
28.1	General requirements concerning the zinc sleeve	41
28.2	Type test procedure	41
28.3	Sample test procedure	42
29	Routine visual inspection	42
29.1	General.....	42
29.2	Insulators with ceramic insulating parts.....	42
29.3	Insulators with glass insulating parts.....	43
30	Impact test	44
30.1	Test procedure.....	44
30.2	Acceptance criteria	44
31	Routine mechanical test	44
31.1	Routine mechanical test on line post insulators.....	44
31.2	Routine mechanical test on string insulator units.....	45
32	Mounting arrangements for tests on pin insulators	45
32.1	Standard mounting arrangement for electrical tests	45
32.2	Mounting arrangements for electrical tests reproducing service conditions	46
32.3	Mounting arrangement for the mechanical failing load test	46
33	Coefficients for statistical analysis of the test results on line post Insulators	46
33.1	Coefficient for type tests	46
33.2	Coefficients for sample tests	46
34	Mounting arrangements for tests on line post insulators	46
34.1	Standard mounting arrangement for electrical tests	46
34.2	Mounting arrangements for electrical tests reproducing service conditions	47
34.3	Mounting arrangement for the mechanical failing load test	47
35	Coefficients for statistical analysis of the test results on string insulator units	47
35.1	Coefficient for type tests	47
35.2	Coefficients for sample tests	48
36	Mounting arrangements for electrical tests on string insulator units	48
37	Mounting arrangements for electrical tests on Insulators for overhead electric traction lines	48
37.1	Standard mounting arrangement	48
37.2	Mounting arrangement representing service conditions	49
Annex A (informative)	Method of comparison of the results of electromechanical or mechanical type and sample tests	52
Annex B (informative)	Illustration of the mechanical and electromechanical test acceptance procedure for string insulator units and line post insulators	54
B.1	Flow charts	54
B.2	Calculated examples of acceptance and rejection	56
Annex C (informative)	Coatings on ceramic or glass insulators	59
C.1	General.....	59
C.2	Material fingerprinting and ageing performance.....	59
C.3	Type testing	59

C.4	Sample testing	60
C.5	Routine testing.....	60
C.6	Pollution performance	60
C.7	Acceptance criteria	60
Annex D (informative)	Impact test	62
Figure 1	– Schematic representation of the thermal-mechanical performance test	49
Figure 2	– Measurement of axial and radial displacements	50
Figure 3	– Measurement of angular displacement	50
Figure 4	– Greatest thickness of the insulator	51
Figure B.1	– Acceptance flow chart for mechanical or electromechanical type tests	54
Figure B.2	– Acceptance flow chart for mechanical or electromechanical sample tests	55
Figure B.3	– Flow chart of the comparison of type and sample tests	56
Figure C.1	– Example of thickness criteria based on current experience	60
Figure C.2	– Example of adherence test criteria.....	61
Figure D.1	– Example of equipment for impact testing	62
Table 1	– Cross-reference table for pin insulators	17
Table 2	– Cross-reference table for line post insulators	19
Table 3	– Cross-reference table for string insulator units – cap and pin	21
Table 4	– Cross-reference table for string insulator units – long rod.....	23
Table 5	– Sample sizes for sample tests	25
Table 6	– Acceptance criteria for impact test.....	44
Table 7	– Coefficients for sample tests (line post insulators).....	46
Table 8	– Coefficients for sample tests (string insulator units).....	48
Table A.1	– Values for constants a, b and c	52
Table A.2	– Values for constants a, b and c (re-test).....	53
Table B.1	– Examples for mechanical and electromechanical sample tests	57
Table B.2	– Blank form for calculation for mechanical and electromechanical sample tests	58

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INSULATORS FOR OVERHEAD LINES WITH A NOMINAL VOLTAGE ABOVE 1 000 V –

Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for AC systems – Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 60383 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 36: Insulators. It is an International Standard.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition published in 1993. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) The complete document has been revised and updated. The layout of the document has been changed in order to increase readability;
- b) RIV test has been added (Clause 14);
- c) Impulse puncture test in air has been added (15.2);
- d) Residual strength test has been added (Clause 21);

- e) Zinc sleeve test has been added (Clause 28);
- f) Impact test has been added (Clause 30);
- g) Annex C, coatings on ceramic and glass insulators has been added;
- h) Annex D, impact test has been added.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
36/564/FDIS	36/571/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60383 series, published under the general title *Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1 000 V*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 60383 deals with four different types of insulators:

- Pin insulators
- Line post insulators
- String insulator units
- Insulators for overhead electric traction lines

Certain clauses of this document contain general requirements and other clauses contain specific tests relevant to each of the above-mentioned insulators.

INSULATORS FOR OVERHEAD LINES WITH A NOMINAL VOLTAGE ABOVE 1 000 V –

Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for AC systems – Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60383 applies to insulators of ceramic material or glass for use on AC overhead power lines and overhead traction lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1 000 V and a frequency not greater than 100 Hz. It also applies to insulators for use on DC overhead electric traction lines.

This document applies to string insulator units, rigid overhead line insulators and to insulators of similar design when used in substations.

It does not apply to insulators forming parts of electrical apparatus or to parts used in their construction or to post insulators which are covered by IEC 60168, *Tests on indoor and outdoor post insulators of ceramic material or glass for systems with nominal voltages greater than 1 000 V*.

Tests on insulator strings and insulator sets (for example, wet switching impulse voltage) are dealt with in IEC 60383-2.

The object of this document is:

- to define the terms used
- to define insulator characteristics and to prescribe the conditions under which the specified values of these characteristics shall be verified
- to prescribe test methods
- to prescribe acceptance criteria.

This document does not include requirements dealing with the choice of insulators for specific operating conditions.

Specific requirements on the use of coatings on ceramic or glass insulators are described in the informative Annex C.

Numerical values for insulator characteristics are specified in IEC 60305, IEC 60433 and IEC 60720.

NOTE A guide for the choice of insulators under polluted conditions has been published, see IEC 60815-1 and -2.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60060-1, *High-voltage test techniques – Part 1: General definitions and test requirements*

IEC 60120, *Ball and socket couplings of string insulator units – Dimensions*

IEC 60305, *Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V – Ceramic or glass insulator units for AC systems – Characteristics of insulator units of the cap and pin type*

IEC 60372, *Locking devices for ball and socket couplings of string insulator units – Dimensions and tests*

IEC 60433, *Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V – Ceramic insulators for AC systems – Characteristics of insulator units of the long rod type*

IEC 60437, *Radio interference test on high-voltage insulators*

IEC 60471, *Clevis and tongue couplings of string insulator units – Dimensions*

IEC 61211, *Insulators of ceramic material or glass for overhead lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1 000 V – Impulse puncture testing in air*

ISO 1459:1973, *Metallic coatings – Protection against corrosion by hot dip galvanizing – Guiding principles*

ISO 1460, *Metallic coatings – Hot dip galvanized coatings on ferrous metals – Determination of the mass per unit area – Gravimetric method*

ISO 1461, *Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated iron and steel articles – Specifications and test Methods*

ISO 1463, *Metal and oxide coatings – Measurement of coating thickness – Microscopical method*

ISO 2064, *Metallic and other non-organic coatings – Definitions and conventions concerning the measurement of thickness*

ISO 2178:2016, *Non-magnetic coatings on magnetic substrates – Measurement of coating thickness – Magnetic method*