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Utgiven	Sida	Ansvarig kommitté
2025-02-05	1 (176)	SEK TK IoT

Internet of Things (IoT) – Generic trust anchor application programming interface for industrial IoT devices

(IEC Technical Specification: ISO/IEC TS 30168:2024)

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INTERNET OF THINGS (IoT) – GENERIC TRUST ANCHOR APPLICATION PROGRAMMING INTERFACE FOR INDUSTRIAL IoT DEVICES

FOREWORD

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ISO/IEC TS 30168 has been prepared by subcommittee 41: Internet of Things and Digital Twin, of IEC technical committee JTC 1: Information technology. It is a Technical Specification.

This document contains attached files in the form of GTA API C header files and a secure element provider template that are cited in Annex A and Clause G.6. These files are intended to be used as a complement and do not form an integral part of the publication.

The text of this Technical Specification is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
JTC1-SC41/388/DTS	JTC1-SC41/413/RVDTS

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this Technical Specification is English.

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INTRODUCTION

Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) devices face increasing security requirements. This insight is especially important as more and more devices become connected directly or indirectly to the Internet. It is essential that IIoT devices are prepared to perform secure communications for service interaction, monitoring, and control.

However, security is often still observed as rather complex by implementers and integrators. This perception often results in realization obstacles when the integration and use of security mechanisms and secure elements (SE) is wanted.

This document provides a versatile application programming interface (API) for security to allow a generic integration of SEs into IIoT devices. The API is vendor independent and also independent regarding the SE technology being deployed. This approach simplifies redesign for different SEs and supports software-hardware co-design for security. SEs offering different security properties facilitate the selection of an SE according to the intended use, protection goals, and other boundary conditions. The API aims at achieving high-level abstraction profiles for security services and mechanisms to avoid typical low-level interoperability complexity and implementation failures. Requirements and architectural constraints from IIoT applications shape the final design of the API and its usability.

The resulting API facilitates the security-by-design defined integration of security components within IIoT components on a large scale. The time-to-market for secured devices is accelerated. Stakeholders will benefit from higher security levels being available for lower prices. Application of updates and continuous improvements of security along the lifecycle of products and systems are facilitated.

The following stakeholders and their corresponding interests play a role for the generic trust anchor application programming interface (GTA API) definition:

- Manufacturers and users of industrial equipment

  Scalable use of adequate (hardware-based) security technologies depending on required security, multivendor support, migration strategy, or long-term suitability.

- Software developers

  Increased robustness due to use of a unified API.
  Ease of use for developers without dedicated security expertise.

- Manufacturers of security ICs or ICs offering security functions

  Promote use of hardware-based trust anchor technologies for IIoT devices.

- Conformity Assessment Bodies

INTERNET OF THINGS (IoT) – GENERIC TRUST ANCHOR APPLICATION PROGRAMMING INTERFACE FOR INDUSTRIAL IoT DEVICES

1 Scope

This document specifies a generic application programming interface (API) for the integration of SEs within Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) devices. It considers needs from industrial usage scenarios and applications. This document also provides guidance for implementation, testing, and conformity validation.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEEE Std 802-2014, *IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture*

IETF RFC 1035, P. Mockapetris, "Domain names – implementation and specification", November 1987, available at https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc1035 [viewed 2023-08-29]

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IETF RFC 8446, E. Rescorla, "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.3", August 2018, available at https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8446 [viewed 2023-08-29]