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Storheter och enheter – Del 13: Informationsteori och informationsteknik

*Quantities and units –
Part 13: Information science and technology*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN IEC 80000-13:2025. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN IEC 80000-13:2025.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN IEC 80000-13:2025

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- **IEC 80000-13, Second edition, 2025 - Quantities and units - Part 13: Information science and technology**

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Standarder underlättar utvecklingen och höjer elsäkerheten

Det finns många fördelar med att ha gemensamma tekniska regler för bl a mätning, säkerhet och provning och för utförande, skötsel och dokumentation av elprodukter och elanläggningar.

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English Version

**Quantities and units - Part 13: Information science and
technology
(IEC 80000-13:2025)**

Grandeurs et unités - Partie 13: Science et technologies de
l'information
(IEC 80000-13:2025)

Größen und Einheiten - Teil 13: Informationswissenschaft
und -technik
(IEC 80000-13:2025)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2025-03-18. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

The text of document 25/811/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 80000-13, prepared by TC 25 "Quantities and units" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 80000-13:2025.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national (dop) 2026-04-30 level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the (dow) 2028-04-30 document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes EN 80000-13:2008 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).

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Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 80000-13:2025 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standard indicated:

ISO 80000-1:2022 NOTE Approved as EN ISO 80000-1:2022 (not modified)

ISO 80000-3:2019 NOTE Approved as EN ISO 80000-3:2020 (not modified)



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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Quantities and units –
Part 13: Information science and technology**

**Grandeurs et unités –
Partie 13: Science et technologies de l'information**

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QUANTITIES AND UNITS –**Part 13: Information science and technology****FOREWORD**

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IEC 80000-13 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 25: Quantities and units in close cooperation with ISO/TC 12 Quantities and units. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) addition of new prefixes for binary multiples.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
25/811/FDIS	25/823/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

A list of all parts in the ISO 80000 and IEC 80000 series, published under the general title *Quantities and units*, can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

INTRODUCTION

0.1 Tables of quantities

In most cases, only one name and only one symbol for the quantity are given; where two or more names or two or more symbols are given for one quantity and no special distinction is made, they are on an equal footing. When two types of italic letters exist (for example as with g and θ ; φ and ϕ ; a and α ; g and g), only one of these is given. This does not mean that the other is not equally acceptable. It is recommended that such variants should not be given different meanings. A symbol within parenthesis implies that it is a reserve symbol, to be used when, in a particular context, the main symbol is in use with a different meaning.

0.2 General

The names of units for the corresponding quantities are given together with the international symbols and the definitions. These unit names are language-dependent, but the symbols are international and the same in all languages. For further information, see the SI Brochure (9th edition 2019, updated in 2024) from BIPM and ISO 80000-1.

The units are arranged in the following way:

- The coherent SI units are given first. The SI units have been adopted by the General Conference on Weights and Measures (Conférence Générale des Poids et Mesures, CGPM). The use of coherent SI units, and their decimal multiples and submultiples formed with the SI prefixes are recommended, although the decimal multiples and submultiples are not explicitly mentioned.
- Some non-SI units are then given, being those accepted by the International Committee for Weights and Measures (Comité International des Poids et Mesures, CIPM), or by the International Organization of Legal Metrology (Organisation Internationale de Métrologie Légale, OIML), or by ISO and IEC, for use with the SI. Such units are separated from the SI units in the item by use of a broken line between the SI units and the other units.

0.3 Remark on units for quantities whose dimensional exponents are all equal to zero

The coherent unit for any quantity whose dimensional exponents are equal to zero is the number one, symbol 1. When the value of such a quantity is expressed, the unit symbol 1 is generally not written out explicitly. Quantities that are ratios of quantities of the same kind (for example length ratios and amount fractions) have the option of being expressed with units (m/m, mol/mol) to aid the understanding of the quantity being expressed and also allow the use of SI prefixes, if this is desirable ($\mu\text{m}/\text{m}$, nmol/mol).

EXAMPLE 1

Refractive index $n = 1,53 \times 1 = 1,53$

Prefixes shall not be used to form multiples or submultiples of this unit. Instead of prefixes, powers of 10 are recommended.

EXAMPLE 2

Reynolds number $Re = 1,32 \times 10^3$

0.4 Numerical statements in this International Standard

The sign = is used to denote "is exactly equal to", the sign \approx is used to denote "is approximately equal to", and the sign := is used to denote "is by definition equal to".

QUANTITIES AND UNITS –

Part 13: Information science and technology

1 Scope

This document specifies names, symbols and definitions for quantities and units used in information science and technology. Where appropriate, conversion factors are also given. Prefixes for binary multiples are also given.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.