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Industriell processtyrning – Fältbuss – Del 4-1: Specifikation av protokoll i datalänksskiktet – Delar i fältbuss, Typ 1

*Industrial communication networks –
Fieldbus specifications –
Part 4-1: Data-link layer protocol specification –
Type 1 elements*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 61158-4-1:2008. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 61158-4-1:2008.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 61158-4-1:2008

består av:

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- **IEC 61158-4-1, First edition, 2007 - Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 4-1: Data-link layer protocol specification - Type 1 elements**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Denna standard, och de andra delarna i serien SS-EN 61158-4, ersätter SS-EN 61158-4, utgåva 1, 2004.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 61158-4, utgåva 1, 2004, gäller ej fr o m 2011-02-01.

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English version

**Industrial communication networks -
Fieldbus specifications -
Part 4-1: Data-link layer protocol specification -
Type 1 elements
(IEC 61158-4-1:2007)**

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Spécifications des bus de terrain -
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Teil 4-1: Protokollspezifikation des
Data Link Layer (Sicherheitsschicht) -
Typ 1-Elemente
(IEC 61158-4-1:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-02-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 65C/474/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61158-4-1, prepared by SC 65C, Industrial networks, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement, control and automation, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61158-4-1 on 2008-02-01.

This and the other parts of the EN 61158-4 series supersede EN 61158-4:2004.

With respect to EN 61158-4:2004 the following changes were made:

- deletion of Type 6 fieldbus, and the placeholder for a Type 5 fieldbus data-link layer, for lack of market relevance;
- addition of new fieldbus types;
- partition into multiple parts numbered 4-1, 4-2, ..., 4-19.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented
at national level by publication of an identical
national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2008-11-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting
with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2011-02-01

NOTE Use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a particular data-link layer protocol type to be used with physical layer and application layer protocols in type combinations as specified explicitly in the EN 61784 series. Use of the various protocol types in other combinations may require permission from their respective intellectual-property-right holders.

IEC and CENELEC draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this standard may involve the use of patents as follows, where the [xx] notation indicates the holder of the patent right:

Type 1 time synchronization and possibly other types:

JP Hei4-35096 [YC] Communication control method

IEC and CENELEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of these patent rights.

The holders of these patent rights have assured IEC that they are willing to negotiate licences under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holders of these patent rights are registered with IEC. Information may be obtained from:

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Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this standard may be the subject of patent rights other than those identified above. IEC and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61158-4-1:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61158-5-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61158-5-1:2008 (not modified).
IEC 61158-6-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61158-6-1:2008 (not modified).
IEC 61784-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61784-1:2008 (not modified).
ISO 9314-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN 29314-2:1993 (not modified).
ISO/IEC 9646-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN ISO/IEC 9646-1:1996 (not modified).
ISO/IEC 9646-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN ISO/IEC 9646-2:1996 (not modified).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61158-2	2007	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 2: Physical layer specification and service definition	EN 61158-2	2008
IEC 61158-3-1	- ¹⁾	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 3-1: Data-link layer service definition - Type 1 elements	EN 61158-3-1	2008 ²⁾
ISO/IEC 7498-1	- ¹⁾	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model	EN ISO/IEC 7498-1	1995 ²⁾
ISO/IEC 7498-3	- ¹⁾	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing	-	-
ISO/IEC 10038	1993	Information technology - Telecommunications - and information exchange between systems - Local area networks - Media Access Control (MAC) bridges	-	-
ISO/IEC 10731	- ¹⁾	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic reference model - Conventions for the definition of OSI services	-	-

¹⁾ Undated reference.

²⁾ Valid edition at date of issue.

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0 Introduction

0.1 General

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

The data-link protocol provides the data-link service by making use of the services available from the physical layer. The primary aim of this standard is to provide a set of rules for communication expressed in terms of the procedures to be carried out by peer data-link entities (DLEs) at the time of communication. These rules for communication are intended to provide a sound basis for development in order to serve a variety of purposes:

- a) as a guide for implementors and designers;
- b) for use in the testing and procurement of equipment;
- c) as part of an agreement for the admittance of systems into the open systems environment;
- d) as a refinement to the understanding of time-critical communications within OSI.

This standard is concerned, in particular, with the communication and interworking of sensors, effectors and other automation devices. By using this standard together with other standards positioned within the OSI or fieldbus reference models, otherwise incompatible systems may work together in any combination.

0.2 Nomenclature for references within this standard

Clauses, including annexes, can be referenced in their entirety, including any subordinate subclauses, as “Clause N” or “Annex N”, where N is the number of the clause or letter of the annex.

Subclauses can be referenced in their entirety, including any subordinate subclauses, as “N.M” or “N.M.P” and so forth, depending on the level of the subclause, where N is the number of the subclause or letter of the annex, and M, P and so forth represent the successive levels of subclause up to and including the subclause of interest.

When a clause or subclause contains one or more subordinate subclauses, the text between the clause or subclause heading and its first subordinate subclause can be referenced in its entirety as “N.0” or “N.M.0” or “N.M.P.0” and so forth, where N, M and P are as above. Stated differently, a reference ending with “.0” designates the text and figures between a clause or subclause header and its first subordinate subclause.

NOTE This nomenclature provides a means of referencing text in hanging clauses. Such clauses existed in earlier editions of IEC 61784-3, Type 1 clauses. Those hanging clauses are maintained in this edition to minimize the disruption to existing national and multi-national standards and consortia documents which reference that prior subclause numbering.

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 4-1: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 1 elements

1 Scope

1.1 General

The data-link layer provides basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment.

This protocol provides the data-link service by making use of the services available from the physical layer. The relationship between the International Standards for fieldbus data-link service, fieldbus data-link protocol, fieldbus physical service and systems management is described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

This protocol provides communication opportunities to all participating data-link entities

- a) in a cyclic asynchronous manner, sequentially to each of those data-link entities, and
- b) in a synchronous manner, either cyclically or acyclically, according to a pre-established schedule.

The specified protocol also provides means of changing the set of participating data-link entities and of modifying the set of scheduled communications opportunities. When the set of scheduled communications opportunities is null, the distribution of communication opportunities to the participating data-link entities is completely asynchronous.

Thus this protocol can be characterized as one which provides access asynchronously but with a synchronous overlay.

1.2 Specifications

This standard specifies

- a) procedures for the timely transfer of data and control information from one data-link user entity to a peer user entity, and among the data-link entities forming the distributed data-link service provider;
- b) the structure of the fieldbus DLPDUs used for the transfer of data and control information by the protocol of this standard, and their representation as physical interface data units.

NOTE In IEC 61158-4-1, gray boxes have been used in the tables to indicate that the specified field is not a conceptual part of the specific DLPDU.

1.3 Procedures

The procedures are defined in terms of

- a) the interactions between peer DL-entities (DLEs) through the exchange of fieldbus DLPDUs;
- b) the interactions between a DL-service (DLS) provider and a DLS-user in the same system through the exchange of DLS primitives;
- c) the interactions between a DLS-provider and a Ph-service provider in the same system through the exchange of Ph-service primitives.

1.4 Applicability

These procedures are applicable to instances of communication between systems which support time-critical communications services within the data-link layer of the OSI or fieldbus reference models and which require the ability to interconnect in an open systems interconnection environment.

Profiles provide a simple multi-attribute means of summarizing an implementation's capabilities, and thus its applicability to various time-critical communications needs.

1.5 Conformance

This standard also specifies conformance requirements for systems implementing these procedures. This standard does not contain tests to demonstrate compliance with such requirements.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61158-2(Ed.4.0), *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 2: Physical layer specification and service definition*

IEC 61158-3-1(Ed.2.0), *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 3-1: Data link service definition – Type 1 elements*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 7498-3, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing*

ISO/IEC 10038:1993, *Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local area networks – Media access control (MAC) bridges*

NOTE This edition has been withdrawn and replaced by ISO/IEC 15802-3:1998. However, the detailed references in this standard are to the 1993 edition.

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

