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## Industriell processstyrning – Fältbuss – Del 4-11: Specifikation av protokoll i datalänksskiktet – Delar i fältbuss, Typ 11

*Industrial communication networks –  
Fieldbus specifications –  
Part 4-11: Data-link layer protocol specification –  
Type 11 elements*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 61158-4-11:2008. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 61158-4-11:2008.

### Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 61158-4-11:2008

består av:

- europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- IEC 61158-4-11, First edition, 2007 - Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 4-11: Data-link layer protocol specification - Type 11 elements

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Denna standard, och de andra delarna i serien SS-EN 61158-4, ersätter SS-EN 61158-4, utgåva 1, 2004.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 61158-4, utgåva 1, 2004, gäller ej fr o m 2011-02-01.

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ICS 35.100.20; 25.040.40

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English version

**Industrial communication networks -  
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Part 4-11: Data-link layer protocol specification -  
Type 11 elements  
(IEC 61158-4-11:2007)**

Réseaux de communication industriels -  
Spécifications des bus de terrain -  
Partie 4-11: Spécification des protocoles  
des couches de liaison de données -  
Eléments de type 11  
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Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze -  
Feldbusse -  
Teil 4-11: Protokollspezifikation des  
Data Link Layer (Sicherungsschicht) -  
Typ 11-Elemente  
(IEC 61158-4-11:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-02-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

**CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels**

## Foreword

The text of document 65C/474/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61158-4-11, prepared by SC 65C, Industrial networks, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement, control and automation, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61158-4-11 on 2008-02-01.

This and the other parts of the EN 61158-4 series supersede EN 61158-4:2004.

With respect to EN 61158-4:2004 the following changes were made:

- deletion of Type 6 fieldbus, and the placeholder for a Type 5 fieldbus data-link layer, for lack of market relevance;
- addition of new fieldbus types;
- partition into multiple parts numbered 4-1, 4-2, ..., 4-19.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2008-11-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2011-02-01

NOTE Use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a particular data-link layer protocol type to be used with physical layer and application layer protocols in type combinations as specified explicitly in the EN 61784 series. Use of the various protocol types in other combinations may require permission from their respective intellectual-property-right holders.

IEC and CENELEC draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this standard may involve the use of patents as follows, where the [xx] notation indicates the holder of the patent right:

Type 11 and possibly other types:

- |              |      |  |
|--------------|------|--|
| US 4,930,121 | [To] | Network system using token-passing bus with multiple priority levels                                     |
| US 5,414,813 | [To] | Direct transfer from a receive buffer to a host in a token-passing type network data transmission system |
| US 6,711,131 | [To] | Data transmitting apparatus, network interface apparatus, and data transmitting system                   |

IEC and CENELEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of these patent rights.

The holders of these patent rights have assured IEC that they are willing to negotiate licences under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holders of these patent rights are registered with IEC. Information may be obtained from:

[To] Toshiba Corporation  
1-1, Shibaura 1-Chome  
Minato-ku Tokyo 105-8001, Japan  
Attention: Intellectual Property Rights Section.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this standard may be the subject of patent rights other than those identified above. IEC and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

### **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 61158-4-11:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61158-5-11      NOTE Harmonized as EN 61158-5-11:2008 (not modified).

IEC 61158-6-11      NOTE Harmonized as EN 61158-6-11:2008 (not modified).

IEC 61784-2      NOTE Harmonized as EN 61784-2:2008 (not modified).

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## Annex ZA

(normative)

### **Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61158-3-11	- <sup>1)</sup>	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 3-11: Data-link layer service definition - Type 11 elements	EN 61158-3-11	2008 <sup>2)</sup>
ISO/IEC 7498-1	- <sup>1)</sup>	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model	EN ISO/IEC 7498-1	1995 <sup>2)</sup>
ISO/IEC 7498-3	- <sup>1)</sup>	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing	-	-
ISO/IEC 8802-3	- <sup>1)</sup>	Information technology - Telecommunications - and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications	-	-
ISO/IEC 10731	- <sup>1)</sup>	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic reference model - Conventions for the definition of OSI services	-	-

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<sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

<sup>2)</sup> Valid edition at date of issue.

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## INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

The data-link protocol provides the data-link service by making use of the services available from the physical layer. The primary aim of this standard is to provide a set of rules for communication expressed in terms of the procedures to be carried out by peer data-link entities (DLEs) at the time of communication. These rules for communication are intended to provide a sound basis for development in order to serve a variety of purposes:

- a) as a guide for implementors and designers;
- b) for use in the testing and procurement of equipment;
- c) as part of an agreement for the admittance of systems into the open systems environment;
- d) as a refinement to the understanding of time-critical communications within OSI.

This standard is concerned, in particular, with the communication and interworking of sensors, effectors and other automation devices. By using this standard together with other standards positioned within the OSI or fieldbus reference models, otherwise incompatible systems may work together in any combination.

## INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

### **Part 4-11: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 11 elements**

## **1 Scope**

### **1.1 General**

The data-link layer provides basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment.

This protocol provides communication opportunities to all participating data-link entities

- a) in a synchronously-starting cyclic manner, according to a pre-established schedule, and
- b) in a cyclic or acyclic asynchronous manner, as requested each cycle by each of those data-link entities.

Thus this protocol can be characterized as one which provides cyclic and acyclic access asynchronously but with a synchronous restart of each cycle.

### **1.2 Specifications**

This standard specifies

- a) procedures for the timely transfer of data and control information from one data-link user entity to a peer user entity, and among the data-link entities forming the distributed data-link service provider;
- b) procedures for giving communications opportunities to all participating DL-entities, sequentially and in a cyclic manner for deterministic and synchronized transfer at cyclic intervals up to one millisecond;
- c) procedures for giving communication opportunities available for time-critical data transmission together with non-time-critical data transmission without prejudice to the time-critical data transmission;
- d) procedures for giving cyclic and acyclic communication opportunities for time-critical data transmission with prioritized access;
- e) procedures for giving communication opportunities based on standard ISO/ IEC 8802-3 medium access control, with provisions for nodes to be added or removed during normal operation;
- f) the structure of the fieldbus DLPDUs used for the transfer of data and control information by the protocol of this standard, and their representation as physical interface data units.

### **1.3 Procedures**

The procedures are defined in terms of

- a) the interactions between peer DL-entities (DLEs) through the exchange of fieldbus DLPDUs;
- b) the interactions between a DL-service (DLS) provider and a DLS-user in the same system through the exchange of DLS primitives;
- c) the interactions between a DLS-provider and a Ph-service provider in the same system through the exchange of Ph-service primitives.

#### 1.4 Applicability

These procedures are applicable to instances of communication between systems which support time-critical communications services within the data-link layer of the OSI or fieldbus reference models, and which require the ability to interconnect in an open systems interconnection environment.

Profiles provide a simple multi-attribute means of summarizing an implementation's capabilities, and thus its applicability to various time-critical communications needs.

#### 1.5 Conformance

This standard also specifies conformance requirements for systems implementing these procedures. This standard does not contain tests to demonstrate compliance with such requirements.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61158-3-11, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 3-11: Data-link layer service definition – Type 11 elements*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 7498-3, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing*

ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000, *Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and Physical Layer specifications*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

