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Underhållsmässighet hos utrustning – Del 2: Fordringar och studier i samband med konstruktion och utveckling

Maintainability of equipment –

Part 2: Maintainability requirements and studies during the design and development phase

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 60706-2:2006. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 60706-2:2006.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 60706-2:2006^{*)}

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- **IEC 60706-2, Second edition, 2006 - Maintainability of equipment - Part 2: Maintainability requirements and studies during the design and development phase**

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English version

Maintainability of equipment
Part 2: Maintainability requirements and studies
during the design and development phase
(IEC 60706-2:2006)

Maintenabilité de matériel
Partie 2 : Exigences et études de
maintenabilité pendant la phase de
conception et de développement
(CEI 60706-2:2006)

Instandhaltbarkeit von Geräten
Teil 2: Instandhaltbarkeitsanforderungen
und Studien in der Entwicklungsphase
(IEC 60706-2:2006)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2006-05-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 56/1090/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60706-2, prepared by IEC TC 56, Dependability, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60706-2 on 2006-05-01.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2007-02-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2009-05-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60706-2:2006 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60300-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60300-1:2003 (not modified).
IEC 60300-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60300-2:2004 (not modified).
IEC 60300-3	NOTE	Harmonized in 60300-3 series (not modified).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-191	1990	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) Chapter 191: Dependability and quality of service	-	-
IEC 60300-3-1	- ¹⁾	Dependability management Part 3-1: Application guide - Analysis techniques for dependability - Guide on methodology	EN 60300-3-1	2004 ²⁾
IEC 60300-3-3	- ¹⁾	Dependability management Part 3-3: Application guide - Life cycle costing	EN 60300-3-3	2004 ²⁾
IEC 60300-3-10	2001	Dependability management Part 3-10: Application guide - Maintainability	-	-
IEC 60300-3-11	- ¹⁾	Dependability management Part 3-11: Application guide - Reliability centred maintenance	-	-
IEC 60300-3-12	- ¹⁾	Dependability management Part 3-12: Application guide - Integrated logistic support	EN 60300-3-12	2004 ²⁾
IEC 60300-3-14	- ¹⁾	Dependability management Part 3-14: Application guide - Maintenance and maintenance support	EN 60300-3-14	2004 ²⁾
IEC 60706-3	- ¹⁾	Maintainability of equipment Part 3: Verification and collection, analysis and presentation of data	-	-
IEC 60706-5	- ¹⁾	Guide on maintainability of equipment Part 5 - Section 4: Diagnostic testing	-	-
IEC 60812	- ¹⁾	Analysis techniques for system reliability - Procedure for failure mode and effects analysis (FMEA)	EN 60812	2006 ²⁾
IEC 61025	- ¹⁾	Fault tree analysis (FTA)	HD 617 S1	1992 ²⁾
IEC 61160	- ¹⁾	Design review	EN 61160	2005 ²⁾

¹⁾ Undated reference.

²⁾ Valid edition at date of issue.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61649	1997	Goodness-of-fit tests, confidence intervals and lower confidence limits for Weibull distributed data	-	-

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INTRODUCTION

Maintainability is a characteristic that defines the ease with which an item can be maintained and supported during its period of use. Maintainability has to be built into an item during the design and development phase and it is therefore important that maintainability requirements be established as part of the initial specification.

The IEC 60706 series of standards is intended to give guidance on how a designer should best incorporate high standards of maintainability into a product so that the cost of maintenance is reduced to an acceptable level. It is also important to ensure that the necessary maintenance can be undertaken to keep the product in a safe condition and that it can be operated to its required performance.

This International Standard gives an introduction to the concept of maintainability, and guidance as to how maintainability can be incorporated into specifications and contracts and how maintainability should be considered as part of the design process. It forms part of a hierarchy of standards on dependability as described below.

IEC 60300-1 and IEC 60300-2 are the IEC top-level standards that provide guidance on how to incorporate dependability, including reliability, availability and maintainability, into manufactured products. IEC 60300-3-10 is the top-level standard on maintainability, serving as an application guide and which forms part of the IEC 60300-3 series of standards. It can be used to implement a maintainability programme covering the initiation, development and in-service phases of a product, which form part of the tasks described in IEC 60300-2. It also provides guidance on how the maintenance aspects of the tasks should be considered in order to achieve optimum maintainability.

MAINTAINABILITY OF EQUIPMENT –

Part 2: Maintainability requirements and studies during the design and development phase

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60706 examines the maintainability requirements and related design and use parameter, and discusses some activities necessary to achieve the required maintainability characteristics and their relationship to planning of maintenance. It describes the general approach in reaching these objectives and shows how maintainability characteristics should be specified in a requirements document or contract.

It is not intended to be a complete guide on how to specify or to contract for maintainability. Its purpose is to define the range of considerations when maintainability characteristics are included as requirements for the development or the acquisition of an item.

The standard goes on to describe maintainability studies in the preliminary and detailed design phases and their relationships to other maintainability and maintenance support tasks, described in associated standards. Maintainability considerations in design reviews are also included.

It is intended that customers acquiring items of equipment will find this standard useful in assisting them to define their maintainability objectives and associated maintainability programmes.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050(191):1990, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 191: Dependability and quality of service*

IEC 60300-3-1, *Dependability management – Part 3-1: Application guide – Analysis techniques for dependability – Guide on methodology*

IEC 60300-3-3, *Dependability management – Part 3-3: Application guide – Life cycle costing*

IEC 60300-3-10:2001, *Dependability management – Part 3-10: Application guide – Maintainability*

IEC 60300-3-11, *Dependability management – Part 3-11: Application guide – Reliability centred maintenance*

IEC 60300-3-12, *Dependability management – Part 3-12: Application guide – Integrated logistic support*

IEC 60300-3-14, *Dependability management – Part 3-14: Application guide – Maintenance and maintenance support*

IEC 60706-3, *Guide on maintainability of equipment – Part 3: Sections Six and Seven – Verification and collection, analysis and presentation of data*¹

IEC 60706-5, *Guide on maintainability of equipment – Part 5 – Section 4: Diagnostic testing*

IEC 60812, *Analysis techniques for system reliability – Procedure for failure mode and effects analysis (FMEA)*

IEC 61025, *Fault tree analysis (FTA)*

IEC 61160, *Design review*

IEC 61649, *Goodness-of-fit tests, confidence intervals and lower confidence limits for Weibull distributed data*

¹ A second edition is due to be published shortly under the revised title “*Maintainability of equipment – Part 3: Verification and collection, analysis and presentation of data*”.