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Miljötålighetsprovning – Del 2-81: Provningsmetoder – Stöt – Provning med stötresponsspektrum

Environmental testing –

Part 2-81: Tests –

Test Ei: Shock –

Shock response spectrum synthesis

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 60068-2-81:2003. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 60068-2-81:2003.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 60068-2-81:2003^{*)}

består av:

- **europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument**, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- **IEC 60068-2-81, First edition, 2003 - Environmental testing - Part 2-81: Tests - Test Ei: Shock - Shock response spectrum synthesis**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

^{*)} EN 60068-2-81:2003 ikraftsattes 2004-03-22 som SS-EN 60068-2-81 genom offentliggörande, d v s utan utgivning av något svenskt dokument.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 60068-2-81

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English version

Environmental testing
Part 2-81: Tests –
Test Ei: Shock –
Shock response spectrum synthesis
(IEC 60068-2-81:2003)

Essais d'environnement
Partie 2-81: Essais –
Essai Ei: Chocs –
Synthèse du spectre de réponse au choc
(CEI 60068-2-81:2003)

Umweltprüfungen
Teil 2-81: Prüfungen –
Prüfung Ei: Schocken –
Synthese des Schockantwortspektrums
(IEC 60068-2-81:2003)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2003-10-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 104/306/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 60068-2-81, prepared by IEC TC 104, Environmental conditions, classification and methods of test, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60068-2-81 on 2003-10-01.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented
at national level by publication of an identical
national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2004-07-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting
with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2006-10-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard.

Annexes designated "informative" are given for information only.

In this standard, annex ZA is normative and annexes A, B, C and D are informative.

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60068-2-81:2003 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60068-1	1988	Environmental testing Part 1: General and guidance	EN 60068-1 ¹⁾	1994
IEC 60068-2-6 + corr. March	1995 1995	Part 2: Tests - Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)	EN 60068-2-6	1995
IEC 60068-2-27	1987	Part 2: Tests - Test Ea and guidance: Shock	EN 60068-2-27	1993
IEC 60068-2-47	1999	Part 2-47: Test methods - Mounting of components, equipment and other articles for vibration, impact and similar dynamic tests	EN 60068-2-47 + corr. June	1999 2000
IEC 60068-2-57	1999	Part 2-57: Tests - Test Ff: Vibration - Time-history method	EN 60068-2-57	2000
IEC 60068-2-64 + corr. October	1993 1993	Part 2: Test methods - Test Fh: Vibration, broad-band random (digital control) and guidance	EN 60068-2-64	1994
ISO 266	1997	Acoustics - Preferred frequencies	-	-
ISO 2041	1990	Vibration and shock - Vocabulary	-	-

¹⁾ EN 60068-1 includes corrigendum October 1988 + A1:1992 to IEC 60068-1.

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	11
1 Scope	13
2 Normative references	13
3 Terms and definitions	13
4 Requirements for test apparatus	23
4.1 Basic motion	23
4.2 Cross-motion	23
4.3 Signal tolerance	23
4.4 Measuring system	23
5 Requirements for testing	25
5.1 Test control	25
5.2 Tolerances on SRS	25
5.3 Calculation of test SRS	25
5.4 Algorithms for calculation of SRS	27
5.5 Test frequency range	27
5.6 Mounting	27
6 Severities	29
6.1 Required SRS	29
6.2 Duration of the synthesized time-history	29
6.3 Number of repetitions	31
6.4 Test frequency range	31
6.5 Number of high peaks in a calculated response time-history of a single-degree-of-freedom system	31
7 Preconditioning	31
8 Initial measurements	33
9 Testing	33
9.1 General	33
9.2 Vibration response investigation	33
9.3 Synthesis of the test time-history	35
9.4 Testing with synthesized test time-histories	37
10 Intermediate measurements	39
11 Recovery	39
12 Final measurements	39
13 Information to be given in the relevant specification	39
14 Information to be given in the test report	41
 Annex A (informative) Test time history – General background information	 49
Annex B (informative) Parameters for use in synthesizing a test time-history	55
Annex C (informative) How to synthesize a test time-history	63
Annex D (informative) Recommended frequency ranges for test SRS	71
 Bibliography	 73

Figure 1 – Example of a typical response of an oscillator excited by a specific time-history (specified threshold value of 70 %)	43
Figure 2 – Example of identification of the peaks of the response higher than a specified (70 %) threshold value.....	43
Figure 3 – Typical logarithmic plot of a required response spectrum	45
Figure 4 – Typical time-history	45
Figure 5 – Flow chart for testing with synthesized test time-histories 9.4	47
Figure B.1 – Strong part of the SRS	61
 Table D.1 – Examples of test frequency ranges	 71

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 60068, designed for testing with a synthesized shock response spectrum (SRS) is intended for general application for components, equipment and other products, hereinafter referred to as “specimens”, when simulation of transient responses of a complex nature is required. The test method centres on the use of SRS and techniques associated with SRS.

The purpose of the test is to demonstrate the adequacy of the test specimen to resist the specified transient excitation, without unacceptable degradation of its functional and/or structural performance. It is particularly useful for tailoring shock responses where measured data are available from the operational environment. However, the test is applicable to any transient excitation within the limits of the testing apparatus.

The test method is based primarily on the use of an electrodynamic or a servo-hydraulic vibration generator with an associated computer-based control system used as a shock testing system.

Other shock testing machines may be used, provided they fulfil the requirements of this standard.

It is emphasized that SRS synthesis testing always demands a certain degree of engineering judgement. Both supplier and purchaser should be fully aware of this fact. The writer of the relevant specification is expected to select the testing procedure and the values of severity appropriate to the specimen and its use.

ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING –

Part 2-81: Tests – Test Ei: Shock – Shock response spectrum synthesis

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60068 specifies tests using a synthesized shock response spectrum (SRS). It is intended for general application to specimens when simulation of transient excitation of a complex nature is required.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-1:1988, *Environmental testing – Part 1: General and guidance*

IEC 60068-2-6:1995, *Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)*

IEC 60068-2-27:1987, *Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2: Tests – Test Ea and guidance: Shock*

IEC 60068-2-47:1999, *Environmental testing – Part 2-47: Test methods – Mounting of components, equipment and other articles for vibration, impact and similar dynamic tests*

IEC 60068-2-57:1999, *Environmental testing – Part 2-57: Tests – Test Ff: Vibration – Time-history method*

IEC 60068-2-64:1993, *Environmental testing – Part 2: Test methods – Test Fh: Vibration, broad-band random (digital control) and guidance*

ISO 266:1997, *Acoustics – Preferred frequencies*

ISO 2041:1990, *Vibration and shock – Vocabulary*