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Explosiv atmosfär – Del 29-4: Gasdetektorer (gasvarnare) – Linjedetektorer för detektering av brännbara gaser

*Explosive atmospheres –
Part 29-4: Gas detectors –
Performance requirements of open path detectors for flammable gases*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 60079-29-4:2010. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 60079-29-4:2010.

Nationellt förord

Europastandarden EN 60079-29-4:2010

består av:

- **europastandardens ikraftsättningsdokument**, utarbetat inom CENELEC
- **IEC 60079-29-4, First edition, 2009^{*)} - Explosive atmospheres - Part 29-4: Gas detectors - Performance requirements of open path detectors for flammable gases**

utarbetad inom International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC.

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS-EN 50241-1, utgåva 1, 1999, SS-EN 50241-1/A1, utgåva 1, 2004 och SS-EN 50241-2, utgåva 1, 1999, gäller ej fr o m 2013-04-01.

^{*)} Corrigendum, August 2010, till IEC 60079-29-4:2009, är inarbetat i standarden.

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English version

**Explosive atmospheres -
Part 29-4: Gas detectors -
Performance requirements of open path detectors for flammable gases
(IEC 60079-29-4:2009, modified)**

Atmosphères explosives -
Partie 29-4: Détecteurs de gaz -
Exigences d'aptitude à la fonction
des détecteurs de gaz inflammables
à chemin ouvert
(CEI 60079-29-4:2009, modifiée)

Explosionsfähige Atmosphäre -
Teil 29-4: Gasmessgeräte -
Anforderungen an das Betriebsverhalten
von Geräten mit offener Messstrecke
für die Messung brennbarer Gase
(IEC 60079-29-4:2009, modifiziert)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2010-04-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

The text of document 31/819/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 60079-29-4, prepared by IEC Technical Committee 31, Equipment for explosive atmospheres, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote.

A draft amendment, prepared by the CENELEC SC 31-9, Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases to be used in industrial and commercial potentially explosive atmospheres, of Technical Committee CENELEC TC 31, Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres, was submitted to the formal vote.

The combined texts were approved by CENELEC as EN 60079-29-4 on 2010-04-01.

EN 60079-29-4:2010 supplements and modifies the general requirements of EN 60079-0. Where a requirement of this standard conflicts with a requirement of EN 60079-0, the requirement of this standard shall take precedence.

This European Standard supersedes EN 50241-1:1999 + A1:2004 and EN 50241-2:1999.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the amendment has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2011-01-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the amendment have to be withdrawn (dow) 2013-04-01

Annexes ZA, ZZ and ZY have been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60079-29-4:2009 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard with agreed common modifications as given below.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

ISO 6142	NOTE Harmonized as EN ISO 6142
ISO 6144	NOTE Harmonized as EN ISO 6144
ISO 6145	NOTE Harmonized as EN ISO 6145

Annex ZA
(normative)

**Normative references to international publications
with their corresponding European publications**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
-	-	Electromagnetic compatibility - Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen	EN 50270	-
-	-	Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen - Requirements and tests for apparatus using software and/or digital technologies	EN 50271	-
IEC 60079	Series	Explosive atmospheres	EN 60079	Series
IEC 60079-0	-	Explosive atmospheres - Part 0: Equipment - General requirements	EN 60079-0	-
IEC 60079-29-1 (mod)	-	Explosive atmospheres - Part 29-1: Gas detectors - Performance requirements of detectors for flammable gases	EN 60079-29-1	-
IEC 60825-1	-	Safety of laser products - Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements	EN 60825-1	-

CONTENTS

1	Scope.....	6
2	Normative references	7
3	Terms and definitions	7
3.1	Equipment.....	7
3.2	Alarms.....	8
3.3	Signals and indications.....	8
3.4	Gaseous atmospheres.....	8
3.5	Optical equipment	9
3.6	Performance characteristics	10
4	General requirements	11
4.1	Detection equipment	11
4.1.1	Components	11
4.1.2	Electrical assemblies and components	11
4.1.3	Optical radiation	11
4.2	Construction.....	11
4.2.1	General	11
4.2.2	Indicating devices	11
4.2.3	Alarm or output functions.....	12
4.2.4	Fault signals.....	12
4.2.5	Adjustments	12
4.3	Software-controlled equipment	12
4.3.1	Conversion errors	13
4.3.2	Software.....	13
4.3.3	Data transmission.....	13
4.3.4	Self-test routines	13
4.3.5	Functional concept	14
5	Test requirements	14
5.1	Introduction	14
5.2	General requirements for tests	15
5.2.1	Samples and sequence of tests	15
5.2.2	Constructional checks	15
5.2.3	Preparation of samples.....	15
5.2.4	Equipment for calibration and test	16
5.3	Normal conditions for test.....	18
5.3.1	General	18
5.3.2	Operating distance for laboratory tests	18
5.3.3	Test gases.....	18
5.3.4	Test gas integral concentrations	18
5.3.5	Voltage.....	19
5.3.6	Ambient temperature	19
5.3.7	Ambient humidity.....	19
5.3.8	Ambient atmosphere.....	19
5.3.9	Preparation of equipment	19
5.3.10	Stabilization.....	19
5.3.11	Communications options.....	20

5.3.12	Gas detection equipment as part of systems.....	20
5.4	Test methods	20
5.4.1	Initial preparation and procedure	20
5.4.2	Unpowered storage	20
5.4.3	Calibration curve (not applicable to alarm only equipment with fixed settings)	20
5.4.4	Stability	21
5.4.5	Alarm reliability.....	21
5.4.6	Temperature variation	22
5.4.7	Water vapour interference	23
5.4.8	Vibration.....	23
5.4.9	Drop test for portable and transportable equipment	24
5.4.10	Alignment	24
5.4.11	Time of response.....	25
5.4.12	Minimum time to operate (spot-reading equipment)	25
5.4.13	Battery capacity.....	25
5.4.14	Power supply variations (externally powered equipment)	26
5.4.15	Power supply interruptions and transients	27
5.4.16	Recovery from power supply interruption	27
5.4.17	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	27
5.4.18	Beam block fault.....	28
5.4.19	Partial obscuration.....	28
5.4.20	Long range operation	29
5.4.21	Direct solar radiation (applicable for equipment intended for outdoor use).....	29
6	Field verification equipment.....	30
7	Information for use	30
7.1	Labelling and marking	30
7.2	Instruction manual.....	30
Annex A (informative)	Water vapour test apparatus	32
Bibliography.....		33
Figure 1	– Equipment for gas calibration and speed of response test.....	17
Figure A.1	– Water vapour test apparatus	32

EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERES –

Part 29-4: Gas detectors – Performance requirements of open path detectors for flammable gases

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60079-29 specifies performance requirements of equipment for the detection and measuring of flammable gases or vapours in ambient air by measuring the spectral absorption by the gases or vapours over extended optical paths, ranging typically from one metre to a few kilometres.

Such equipment measures the integral concentration of the absorbing gas over the optical path in units such as LFL metre for flammable gases.

NOTE 1 Actual values of concentration can be deduced only where it can be established that the concentration is uniform over the optical path, for example in very short optical paths (<100 mm). In such cases, the equipment is within the scope of IEC 60079-29-1.

NOTE 2 This standard is based upon present absorption techniques using infrared radiation. Other techniques and applications may require additional test considerations (e.g. pressure test).

Equipment falling within the scope of this standard is classified by the following types:

Type 1: an optical transmitter and receiver, located at either end of a path through the atmosphere to be monitored.

Type 2: an optical transceiver (i.e. combined transmitter and receiver) and a suitable reflector, which may be a topographic feature or a retroreflector, located at either end of a path through the atmosphere to be monitored.

This standard is also applicable when an equipment manufacturer makes any claims regarding any special features of construction or superior performance that exceed the minimum requirements of this standard. All such claims shall be verified and the test procedures should be extended or supplemented, where necessary, to verify the claimed performance. The additional tests shall be agreed between the manufacturer and the test laboratory and identified and described in the test report.

This standard does not apply to any of following:

- a) equipment intended to provide range resolution of gas concentration (e.g. Light direction and ranging (LIDAR));
- b) equipment consisting of a passive optical receiver without a dedicated optical source;
- c) equipment intended to measure the local volumetric concentration of gas (point sensors);
- d) equipment intended for the detection of dusts or mists in air;
- e) equipment for cross stack monitoring;
- f) equipment intended for the detection of explosives; and
- g) equipment intended only for the identification of individual gas or vapour components, (e.g. Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR)).

This standard is applicable to equipment which is intended for use in hazardous or non-hazardous areas, or both. Equipment for use in hazardous areas is also required to have explosion protection (see 4.1.1).

This standard applies to portable, transportable and fixed equipment intended for commercial and industrial applications.

NOTE 3 This standard is intended to provide for the supply of equipment giving a level of performance suitable for general purpose applications. However, for specific applications a prospective purchaser or an appropriate authority may additionally require equipment to be submitted for particular tests or approval. Such tests or approval are regarded as additional to and separate from the provisions of the standards referred to above.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60079 (all parts), *Explosive atmospheres*

IEC 60079-0, *Explosive atmospheres – Part 0: Equipment – General requirements*

IEC 60079-29-1, *Explosive atmospheres – Part 29-1: Gas detectors – Performance requirements of detectors for flammable gases*

IEC 60825-1, *Safety of laser products – Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements*

IEC 61000-4-1, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-1: Testing and measurement techniques – Overview of IEC 61000-4 series*

IEC 61000-4-3, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test*