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Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces –
Part 450: Multiple talkers and multiple listeners – Ethernet interconnection

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International Standard IEC 61162-450 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 80: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
80/615/FDIS	80/621/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- transformed into an International standard,
- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – DIGITAL INTERFACES –

Part 450: Multiple talkers and multiple listeners – Ethernet interconnection

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61162 specifies interface requirements and methods of test for high speed communication between shipboard navigation and radiocommunication equipment as well as between such systems and other ship systems that need to communicate with navigation and radio-communication equipment. This part of IEC 61162 is based on the application of an appropriate suite of existing international standards to provide a framework for implementing data transfer between devices on a shipboard Ethernet network.

This standard provides a higher speed and higher capacity alternative to the IEC 61162-1 and IEC 61162-2 standards while retaining these standards' basic data format. This standard provides a higher data capacity than IEC 61162-3.

This standard specifies an Ethernet based bus type network where any listener may receive messages from any sender with the following properties.

- This standard includes provisions for multicast distribution of information formatted according to IEC 61162-1, for example position fixes and other measurements, as well as provisions for transmission of general data blocks (binary image), for example between radar and VDR.
- This standard is limited to protocols for equipment (Network nodes) connected to a single Ethernet network consisting only of OSI level one or two devices and cables (Network infrastructure).
- This standard provides requirements only for equipment interfaces. By specifying protocols for transmission of IEC 61162-1 sentences and general binary image data these requirements will guarantee interoperability between equipment implementing this standard as well as a certain level of safe behaviour of the equipment itself.
- This standard permits equipment using other protocols than those specified in this standard to share a network infrastructure provided that it is supplied with interfaces which satisfy the requirements described for ONF (see 4.6).
- This standard does not contain any system requirements other than the ones that can be inferred from the sum of individual equipment requirements. Thus, to ascertain system properties that cannot be derived from equipment requirements alone, additional analysis or standards will be required. In particular, this applies to requirements to maintain system functionality in the face of a single point failure in equipment or networks. Informative Annex D contains guidance on how to address such issues.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60825-2, *Safety of laser products – Part 2: Safety of optical fibre communication systems (OFCS)*

IEC 60945, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – General Requirements – Methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61162-1, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners*

IEEE 802.3, *IEEE Standards for Local Area Networks: Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications*

ISOC RFC 768, *User Datagram Protocol, Standard STD0006*

ISOC RFC 791, *Internet Protocol (IP), Standard STD0005 (and updates)*

ISOC RFC 792, *Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), Standard STD0005 (and updates)*

ISOC RFC 826, *An ethernet Address Resolution Protocol*

ISOC RFC 1918, *Address Allocation for Private Internets, Best Current Practice BCP0005*

ISOC RFC 2474, *Definition of the Differentiated Services Field (DS Field) in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers*

ISOC RFC 5000, *Internet Official Protocol Standards, Standard 0001*

ISOC RFC 5227, *IPv4 Address Conflict Detection*

ISOC RFC 5424, *The Syslog Protocol*

NMEA 0183:2008, *Standard for interfacing marine electronic devices, Version 4.00*

NOTE The standards of the Internet Society (ISOC) are available on the IETF websites http://www.ietf.org. Later updates can be tracked at http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfcsearch.html