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Installationskablar – Lågspänningsskablar med märkspänning högst 450/750 V – Del 1: Allmänna fordringar

Electric cables –

*Low voltage energy cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V –
Part 1: General requirements*

Som svensk standard gäller europastandarden EN 50525-1:2011. Den svenska standarden innehåller den officiella engelska språkversionen av EN 50525-1:2011.

Nationellt förord

Tidigare fastställd svensk standard SS 424 02 31, utgåva 4, 2003 gäller ej fr o m 2014-01-17.

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Postadress: SEK, Box 1284, 164 29 KISTA
Telefon: 08 - 444 14 00. Telefax: 08 - 444 14 30
E-post: sek@elstandard.se. Internet: www.elstandard.se

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SEK Svensk Elstandard

Box 1284
164 29 Kista
Tel 08-444 14 00
www.elstandard.se

English version

**Electric cables -
Low voltage energy cables of rated voltages up to and including
450/750 V (U_0/U) -
Part 1: General requirements**

Câbles électriques - Câbles d'énergie
basse tension de tension assignée au
plus égale à 450/750 V (U_0/U) -
Partie 1: Exigences générales

Kabel und Leitungen -
Starkstromleitungen mit
Nennspannungen bis 450/750 V (U_0/U) -
Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2011-01-17. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

Foreword

This European Standard was prepared by the Technical Committee CENELEC TC 20, Electric cables.

The text of the draft was submitted to the formal vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 50525-1 on 2011-01-17.

This document, which is one of a multipart series, supersedes HD 21.1 S4:2002 and HD 22.1 S4:2002.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2012-01-17
 - latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2014-01-17
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Introduction

EN 50525 derives from CENELEC Harmonization Documents HD 21 and HD 22. It has the following parts:

- Part 1: General requirements;
- Part 2: Cables for general applications;
- Part 3: Cables with special fire performance.

Parts 2 and 3 are further subdivided for the particular cables and applications.

NOTE Annex E gives a full description of the structure of EN 50525, its content and its derivation from HD 21 and HD 22.

An intention of the conversion work, which forms part of an overall CENELEC initiative to convert remaining HDs to ENs, is to create a structure for the EN that will be sufficiently robust to ensure a simple means of making future additions or amendments.

As part of the work there has been a review of the market relevance of cable types in HD 21 and HD 22, and changes have been made accordingly.

Some matters previously in HD 21 and HD 22 are now in separate publications thus:

- Insulating, sheathing and covering materials – EN 50363 series;
- Electrical test methods – EN 50395;
- Non-electrical test methods – EN 50396.

The collective object of all parts of EN 50525 is:

- to standardise cables that are safe and reliable when properly selected, installed and used;
- to state the characteristics and manufacturing requirements directly or indirectly bearing on safety; and
- to specify methods for checking conformity with those requirements.

European and national regulations contain requirements and recommendations relating to the environment. CENELEC TC 20 has published a Technical Report (TR) that offers guidance and assistance to standard-writers of TC 20, to take into account the relevant environmental aspects as far as they are specific to electric cables in normal use. The TR is CLC/TR 62125, *Environmental statement specific to TC 20 - Electric cables*

This EN takes account, where appropriate and practicable, of the guidance in CLC/TR 62125.

Cables within EN 50525 satisfy the essential health and safety requirements of the Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC).

1 Scope

This European Standard gives the general requirements for rigid and flexible energy cables of rated voltages U_0/U up to and including 450/750 V a.c., used in power installations and with domestic and industrial appliances and equipment.

NOTE 1 For some types of flexible cables, the term "cord" is used.

NOTE 2 Rated voltages are given by reference to alternating current (a.c.) systems. Use of the cables in direct current (d.c.) systems is permitted.

NOTE 3 National regulations may prescribe additional performance requirements for cables that are not given in the particular requirements. For example for buildings with high levels of public access, additional fire performance requirements may be applicable,

The test methods for checking conformity with the requirements are given in other standards (see Introduction).

The particular types of cables are specified in EN 50525-2 (series) and EN 50525-3 (series). The individual parts within those two series are collectively referred to hereafter as "the particular specifications".

Only the sizes (conductor class, cross-sectional area), number of cores, other constructional features and rated voltages given in the particular specification apply to the individual cable type.

The code designations of these types of cables are in accordance with HD 361.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE One or more references to the standards below are in respect of a specific sub-division of that standard, for instance a clause, a table, a class or a type. Cross-references to these standards are undated and, at all times, the latest version applies.

EN 50267-2-1	Common test methods for cables under fire conditions – Tests on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 2-1: Procedures – Determination of the amount of halogen acid gas
EN 50267-2-2	Common test methods for cables under fire conditions – Tests on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 2-2: Procedures – Determination of degree of acidity of gases for materials by measuring pH and conductivity
EN 50334	Marking by inscription for the identification of cores of electric cables
EN 50363 Series	Insulating, sheathing and covering materials for low-voltage energy cables
EN 50395	Electrical test methods for low voltage energy cables
EN 50396	Non electrical test methods for low voltage energy cables
EN 60228	Conductors of insulated cables (IEC 60228)
EN 60684-2	Flexible insulating sleeving – Part 2: Methods of test (IEC 60684-2)

- HD 308 Identification of cores in cables and flexible cords
- HD 361 System for cable designation
- HD 516 Guide to use of low voltage harmonized cables